

2028-24 ANNUAL REPORT

Acknowledgement

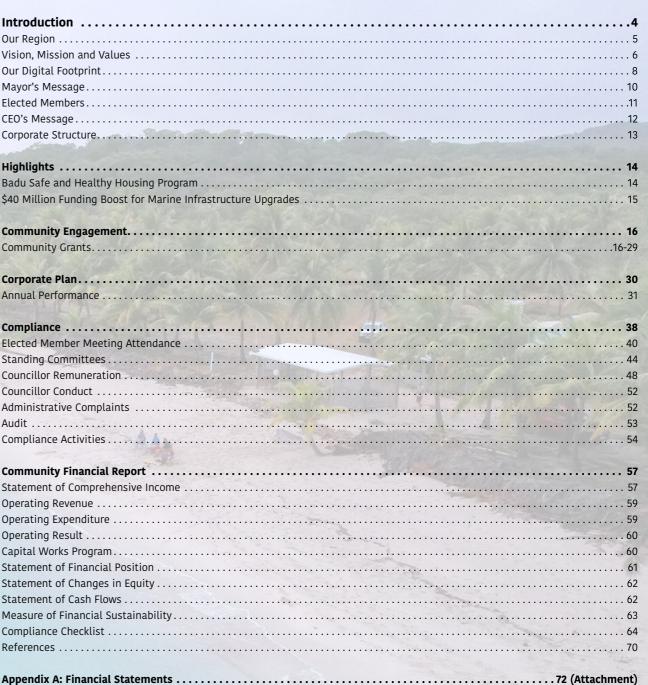
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Torres Strait Island Regional Council acknowledges Native Title Holders, Elders past and present, and all members of the Communities we serve within the five clusters of Zenadth Kes: the Gudaw Maluligal Nation of the Top Western Islands, the Maluligal Nation of the Western Islands, the Kemer Kemer Meriam Nation of the Eastern Islands, the Kulkalgal Nation of the Central Islands, and the Kaiwalagal Kaurareg Aboriginal Nation of the Inner Islands. We recognise their continuing connection to land and sea and the strength of a cultural heritage and belief system that spans past, present, and future generations.



Torres Strait Islander and Aboriginal peoples should be aware that this publication may contain images or names of people who have since passed away. Council respects the right of families and communities to request the removal from subsequent publications of any image or name that causes distress.

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Nelcome to the Report



Our Region

Torres Strait Island Regional Council is proud to present the annual report for the financial year 2023/24. This report outlines the financial and operational performance for the year against the key objectives, strategies, and priorities of our Corporate Plan / Bisnis Plan 2020-2025, the 2023/24 Operational Plan and the endorsed 2023/24 Annual Budget.

This report aims to:

- Meet the legislative obligations under the Local Government Act 2009 and the Local Government Regulation 2012.
- Communicate our vision, operational direction, and the work within the communities we serve.
- Demonstrate our ongoing commitment to accountability and transparency.
- Promote the distinctiveness of our region domestically and internationally.
- Build community and stakeholder confidence in Council's projects and partnerships.

This report is divided into the following main sections:

- Introduction A review of the year by the Mayor and Chief Executive Officer and an overview of our region, Councillors and organisation.
- Our highlights Year in review and significant events and achievements.
- Annual Performance An overview of our achievements and progress in line with the Corporate and Operational Plans.
- Financial Overview A community financial report, reflecting the organisation's financial performance.
- Financial Statements Comprehensive audited financial statements for the 2023/24 financial year.

Appendices

An index of tables and figures, and an index that outlines this report's compliance with legislative obligations under the Local Government Act 2009 and the Local Government Regulation 2012.

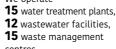
Information contained in this document is based on available information at the time of writing. All figures and diagrams are indicative only and should be referred to as such. While TSIRC has exercised reasonable care in preparing this document it does not warrant or represent that it is accurate or complete. Council or its officers accept no responsibility for any loss occasioned to any person acting or refraining from acting in reliance upon any material contained in this document.





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We speak 26

and dialects

We have a workforce

of **343** employees

with **78%** living in

community



13 fuel outlets







The Torres Strait Island region is a unique and diverse area located between the northern tip of Queensland, Australia, and Papua New Guinea. Home to a population of approximately 5,000 people,

> We are situated between the northern most tip of mainland Australia to the

We are represented by **1** Mayor & **15** councillors, elected by our communities

We have over 700+ community houses to support

We run **15** environmental health and biosecurity programs

We are committed to ensuring compliance with native title laws across all 15 of our island communities





We have **\$2.3 billion** in base assets and deliver \$78 million in operating expenditure & \$56

million in capital works

We have 15 seaports, 13 helipads. **11** aerodromes



We service **15** cemeteries. 2 childcare centres, 3 arts & cultural centres **15** post outlets, **10** indigenous knowledge centres, 24 accommodation facilities, **10 +** home support services



Youmpla Vision, Mission & Values

Vision

For youmpla ples ene Council for meke something youmpla self sor long we can gad fruit them thing we mekem e praper ene las long time.

For our communities and council to be autonomous, prosperous and sustainable.

AUTONOMOUS:

We achieve autonomy when we empower our people and community through rigorous engagement, consultation and participation. An autonomous Council fuels both local and regional self-sufficiency.

PROSPEROUS:

We are prosperous when we are flourishing, thriving, or have success: this can be in our faith, culture, traditions, happiness, fortune or health and wellbeing.

SUSTAINABLE:

We are sustainable when we deliver social, economic or environmental solutions that enhance current community needs and long-term aspirations.

Mission

For youmpla for street ples blo youmpla ene weis kaine youmpla stap lor pless blo youmpla.

To improve our communities' liveability in all we do.

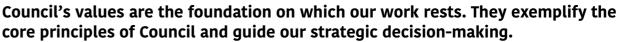
LIVEABILITY:

Liveability is the sum of the factors that add up to a community's quality of life - including the built and natural environments, economic prosperity, social stability and equity, educational opportunity, and cultural, entertainment and recreational possibilities.

Our Values

core principles of Council and guide our strategic decision-making.





Youmpla matha one and youmi make e ol something

Youmpla respect one another and ples blo youmpla, youmpla

We have respect for each other and the communities we serve.

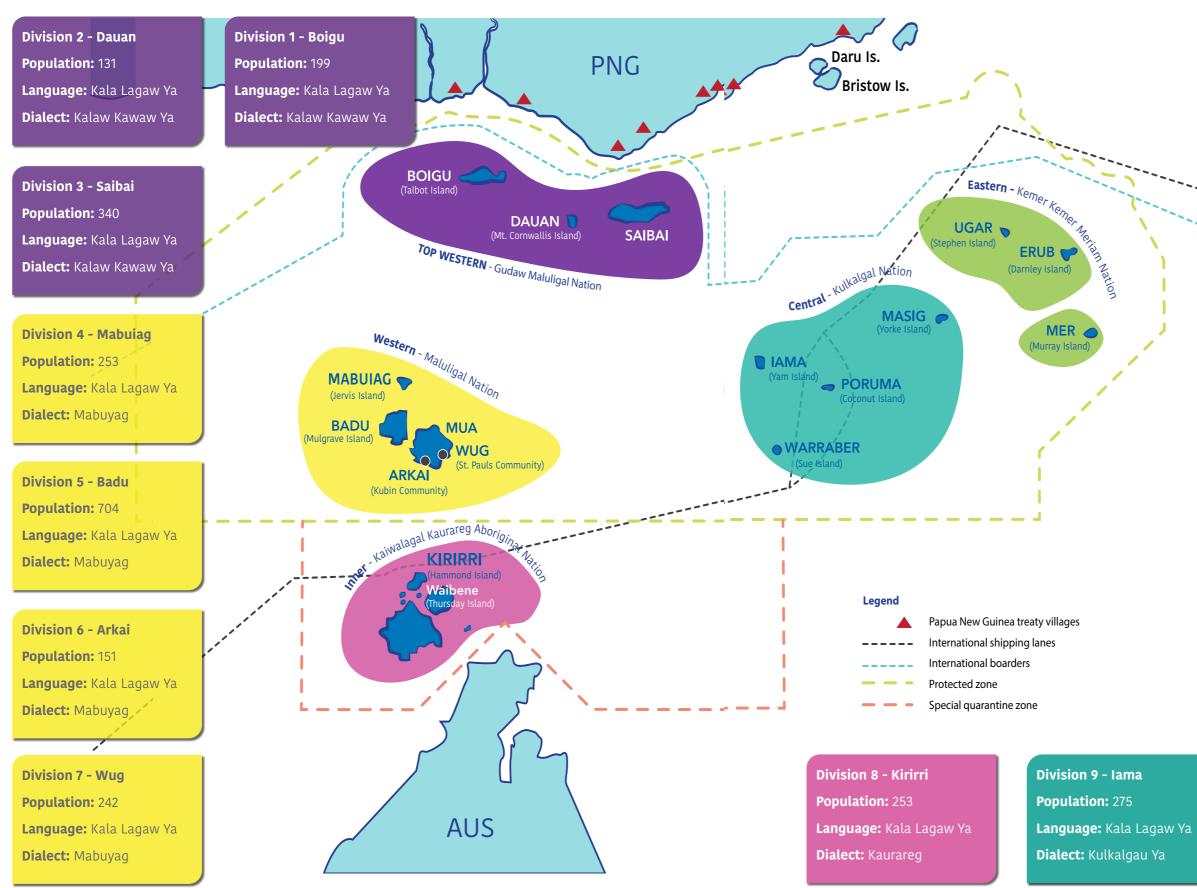
We meke ol something proper for good name por aol pipol

Youmpla aol strong leader and we think about proper good weis kaine youmpla gor meke something lor ples por pipol

We are courageous leaders who think innovatively.

Youmpla buildi strong region blo youmpla ene meke We are builders of a sustainable and resilient region.

Our Divisional Footprint



Division 15 - Mer Population: 406 Language: Miriam Mir/Mer **Dialect:** Mer

Division 14 - Erub Population: 326 Language: Miriam Mir/Mer **Dialect:** Erub/Ugar

Division 13 - Ugar Population: 69 Language: Miriam Mir/Mer **Dialect:** Erub/Ugar

Division 12 - Masig Population: 283 Language: Kala Lagaw Ya **Dialect:** Kulkalgau Ya

Division 11 - Poruma Population: 164 Language: Kala Lagaw Ya **Dialect:** Kulkalgau Ya

Division 10 - Warraber Population: 287 Language: Kala Lagaw Ya **Dialect:** Kulkalgau Ya

Mayor's Message



Elected Members

Kapu Goeyga nithamunka mura, kulay kidh ngay koeyma eso a apapudhi ngoelmun koey Awgadh inab kayne goeyga gasaman a ngay lak gudoeydhika mura Zenadth Kes baradhawraw mabaygal, kukuy mabaygal, a koey mabaygal, kaypaypa kulay, kayb goeyga a soey ngapa bungal.

I acknowledge Papa God, Traditional Owners, Elders, Community Leaders, and all members of the five nations across Zenadth Kes, from Mer in the East to Boigu in the West. I honor all First Nations people throughout Australia, recognising our shared cultural heritage spanning thousands of years.

The Masig Statement serves as a strategic platform for our region's agenda. Council has invested in the report, "Advancing the Masig Statement," which includes an action plan committing Council's team to key actions over the next year.

Council recognises the important role of our communities to continue progressing the legacy of the maritime strike; documenting and promoting stories and histories and ensuring that it is available to all Torres Strait Islanders.

To drive the Masig Statement's aims, Council has established a Taskforce to link elected leaders and the community, advancing self-determination and greater autonomy, implementing the transition plan for the regional governance (Assembly).

I am pleased that we welcome both familiar as well as new faces to Council, including three female Councillors to our cohort of 15 Elected Members who possesses a wealth of knowledge and experience in governance and management.

Our region faces distinct challenges in delivering local government services. We lack revenue from rates and must operate within some of the country's most challenging economic conditions, including persistent inflation, high interest rates, and rising costs of goods and services.

Health remains a key priority for Council, which advocates for improved healthcare and increased government investment to make housing, education, employment, transportation, digital connectivity, and local industries more accessible, affordable, and sustainable across the region. Council is also dedicated to advancing the eleven key priorities of Zenadth Kes, ensuring that our people and future generations can thrive. By partnering with regional stakeholders, Council aims to progress the Regional Governance (Assembly) agenda and foster long-term prosperity for our homeland.

I look forward to working with CEO James William and the entire operational arm to improve the liveability of our communities across our region.

Koeyma Eso, Au Eso

Mayor Phillemon Mosby



Elected members of the 5th Torres Strait Island Regional Council took their declaration of office in April 2024.





Mayor Phillemon Mosby Poruma Office

Councillor Dimas Toby Boigu, Division 1





Councillor Keith Fell Mabuiag, Division 4

Councillor Ranetta Wosomo Deputy Mayor Badu, Division 5





Councillor Seriako Dorante Kirirri, Division 8

Councillor Aggie Hankin Iama, Division 9





Councillor Ted Mosby Masig, Division 12

Councillor Rocky Stephen Ugar, Division 13





Councillor Torenzo Elisala Dauan, Division 2



Councillor Iona Manas Arkai (Kubin Community) on Mua, Division 6



Councillor Kabay Tamu Warraber, Division 10



Councillor Nixon Mye Erub, Division 14



Councillor Chelsea Aniba Saibai, Division 3



Councillor John Levi Wug (St Pauls Community) on Mua, Division 7



Councillor Francis Pearson Poruma, Division 11



Councillor Bob Kaigey Mer, Division 15

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CEO'S MESSAGE

I acknowledge and pay my respects to the Traditional Owners and Elders past and present across our region, including the Gudaw Maluligal, Maluligal, Kemer Kemer Meriam, Kulkalgal, and Kaiwalagal Kaurareg Nations.

This Annual Report highlights our progress in implementing the Corporate and Operational Plans and showcases the dedication of everyone involved in delivering positive outcomes for our communities.

Our Mayor, Councillors, Executive Directors and Council staff have played a critical role in advancing the region's development. Their contributions have improved the lives of our communities, and I sincerely thank them for their vision and commitment.

Throughout the 2023-2024 financial year, Council made considerable progress in several key areas across the organisation. We streamlined our budget and financial processes, improving management efficiency. The migration to the TechnologyOne, Ci Anywhere cloud service is well underway, with new dashboard capabilities to be implemented in the next financial year. The successful completion of the Asset Revaluation program, coupled with fleet management improvements, has further strengthened our operations. A comprehensive streetlight audit led to priority rectification works, enhancing community safety.

Infrastructure improvements have been a key focus, including the completion of coastal inundation mitigation projects, works under the Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements (DRFA) Program, and upgrades to the Warraber Island Sewer Pump Station and Badu and Mabuiag water networks. Our housing upgrade and maintenance programs were delivered on time, and the implementation of a compliance and enforcement program (Local Laws - Authorised Officers) strengthened our regulatory efforts.

Council remains committed to creating safe, culturally appropriate spaces for our communities and elders. Our Aged Care Support workers are working in partnership with Indigenous Knowledge Centre (IKC) Coordinators and Healthy Lifestyle Officers (HLO's) to deliver Elders Activity programs to reduce social isolation and increase mobility and strength and coordination. We also made steady progress in biosecurity, waste management, and healthy housing initiatives.

In technology, we successfully rolled out community Wi-Fi on Hammond Island, Masig, Erub, and Kubin, and advanced our employee intranet development. Our collaboration with Telstra addressed 4G blackspots, improving connectivity across the region.

Progress continues in facilitating home-ownership applications on the Torres Strait Island Regional Council, Deed of Grant in Trust (DOGIT) land, and internal working groups have been established to improve land management and address skills shortages.

While we celebrate these accomplishments, there is still much to be done. The future holds many exciting projects and plans, and I am confident that the progress we have made this year will lay a strong foundation for continued success.

Together, we will work towards creating a more vibrant, resilient and sustainable Torres Strait island region.

James William **Chief Executive Officer**



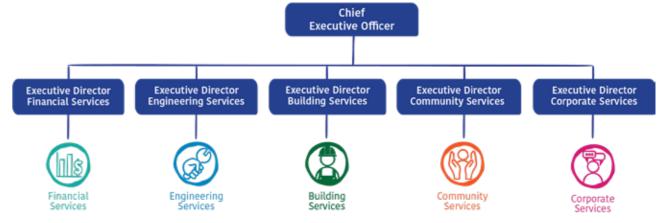


Figure 1: Council's Corporate Structure

Office of the Chief Executive Officer: The core functions of Executive Services include management of the Office of the Mayor and Office of the CEO, facilitation of Council and Committee meetings, execution of strategy, executive administration and internal audit.

Financial Services: Financial Services provides professional financial management and advisory services to Council. The core functions include financial accounting, management accounting, procurement and strategic asset management services.

Engineering Services: Engineering Services provides a high level of services in integrated infrastructure management which ensures environmental protection and meets community expectations. The outcomes achieved by Engineering Services are linked with Council's commitment to public health, transport, water and wastewater infrastructure. The core functions include water services, wastewater services, civil works services and waste services and disaster management.

Building Services: The objective of the Building Services function is to provide repairs and maintenance on social housing and new construction on behalf of the State and Federal Government.

Community Services: The objective of the Community Services function is to develop, manage and deliver community and public health services that meet the needs of all sectors of the community. The core functions includes community services, housing services, environmental health services, health and wellbeing services, events, childcare, aged care and divisional administrative services.

Corporate Services: Corporate Services is responsible for the provision of Council-wide services. The core functions include legal services, governance, strategic (corporate) planning, human resources, WH&S, information technology services, corporate risk and insurance, fuel and fleet, media, engagement and advocacy and administration of community grants.



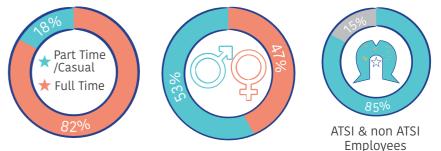


Figure 2: Council's Employees

As the biggest employer in our local government area, Council is dedicated to promoting a diverse and inclusive workplace that supports the employment and training of people in our region. Our employees are located across our region in each of our communities, at Thursday Island, and in Cairns.



corporate structure

Highlights

Badu Safe and Healthy Housing Program

The Safe and Healthy Housing Program was a Queensland Government Department of Housing, Queensland Health and QBuild initiative, designed to enhance the health and quality of life for families in the Torres Strait by improving the functionality and safety of their homes. Launched on Badu in February 2023, the program marked a significant shift in the way housing maintenance and health were approached in the community. It was a collaborative effort that brought together Torres Strait Island Regional Council (TSIRC) housing officers, environmental health workers, and the Primary Health Care team to work closely with families in social housing properties.

The core idea behind the program was simple yet powerful: a healthy home leads to good quality of life and a healthy life. The program aimed to educate families on the importance of home maintenance and its direct link to health, while also providing the necessary support to ensure their homes were safe and functional. The focus was on critical health hardware—bathrooms, laundries, kitchens, stoves, hot water systems and rainwater tanks—ensuring these essential facilities were in good working order to support the well-being of the families. Similarly, working with families to promote the role of strong and healthy skin and the benefits of the 9 healthy living practices known to support health in the home was a priority for the team in improving health outcomes.



Unlike previous approaches, where housing issues were often addressed in isolation, the Safe and Healthy Housing Program was built on a teamoriented model. The program brought together a range of professionals who collaborated with each other and the residents to identify and address the healthrelated aspects of the home. During inspections, the local team, supported by the Qld Housing Department and Public Health, conducted thorough assessments of the properties. They looked for potential risks to health, such as malfunctioning equipment, hardware or environmental hazards like pest infestations.

One of the standout features of the program was its emphasis on communication and collaboration with the families. After each inspection, the team sat down with the residents to discuss their findings. This conversation was more than just a report—it was an opportunity for families to share their concerns, ask questions, and provide input on what changes were most important to them. This dialogue ensured that the program was not only addressing the immediate needs but also aligning with the long-term goals of the families involved.

The benefits of the program extended beyond just repairs and maintenance. It fostered a stronger connection between the community and the services available to them. Families were empowered to take an active role in maintaining their homes, with the knowledge that they had a dedicated team behind them to support their efforts. The program also ensured that any repairs were done right the first time, reducing the likelihood of recurring issues and creating a safer, and healthier living environment.

Initially, the program was limited to 50 homes on Badu, and the interest from community was overwhelming. It provided a model for how housing and health services could work together to improve the quality of life for families. The Safe and Healthy Housing Program demonstrated that by focusing on the home as a foundation for health, it was possible to make meaningful, lasting changes in the lives of our community members.



Torres Strait Island Regional Council (TSIRC) moved one step closer to significant improvements in marine infrastructure after the Australian Government committed \$40 million in the project. The funding, allocated under the Priority Community Infrastructure Program, was given to TSIRC to replace up to three ageing jetties with modern, fit-for-purpose facilities.

The upgrades involve demolishing the existing structures and constructing new ones, vastly improving access, safety, and usability for our region's residents. These jetties serve as a vital lifeline, connecting the Torres Strait and Northern Peninsula Area to essential goods, services, and one another. The project represents not only an investment in our infrastructure, but it also provides long-term well-being for our communities.

Federal Minister for Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Local Government, Catherine King, underscored the broader impact of the project, stating, "We support these vital marine infrastructure upgrades so that Torres Strait and Northern Peninsula area residents could stay safely and efficiently connected. This investment was also a demonstration of the Albanese Government's commitment to regional development, job creation, and economic growth."

\$40 Million Funding Boost For Marine Infrastructure Upgrades

This has been echoed by Senator for Queensland, Nita Green, emphasising the importance of improving the community's marine connections. "This investment was vital to ensuring supplies and people could safely and more easily get from one place to another, supporting the community's way of life, culture, and economy."





DIVISION 1 - BOIGU

Applicant	Purpose of Grant or
Saint Saviour Church	August 7th Festival
Church of The Rock	Church Dedication Celebra
Aron Tom	Funeral travel assistance
Aron Tom	Funeral travel assistance
Gerari Peter	Funeral donation
Malu Kiwai	Dan Ropeyarn Cup caterin
Malu Kiwai	Dan Ropeyarn Cup caterin
Wallen Ingui	Funeral donation
Stanley Marama	Funeral donation

Table 1: Boigu Community Grants



Community Grants

Council's Community Grants Program offers support to the local community by providing funding assistance. This assistance supports the promotion of social, cultural, sporting, and recreational activities. The program aims to improve the professional development of community members, the capacity for community entities to provide valuable services, and the increased delivery of social services and activities within our region.

Decision-making for grant and donation funding is guided by Council's Community Grants Policy and Procedure.

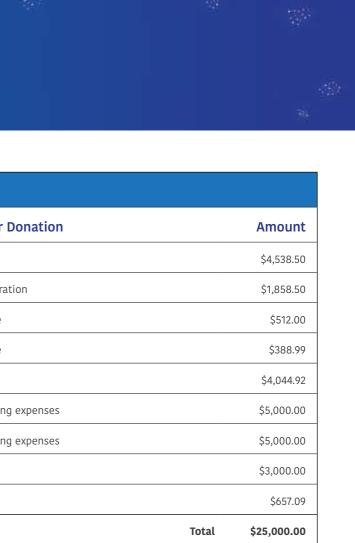
Grant applications are competitively assessed against the criteria fairly and equitably and allocated by Council.

There are four funding types available:

- Community Grants in kind
- Community Grants
- Funeral travel assistance
- Funeral donations

Each community is allocated \$25,000 per year for the Community Grants Program. Unspent funds are not rolled over to the next financial year.

The tables below list all applications approved by Council as of 30 June 2024, including committed funds. Note that committed amounts may differ from actual payments.



DIVISION 2 - DAUAN

Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amount
Roxin Eagles	Roxin Eagles Gala Night	\$4,999.13
Wrench Mau	Funeral travel assistance	\$5,000.00
Anai Bigie	Funeral travel assistance	\$2,978.47
Charles Bigie	Funeral travel assistance	\$2,000.00
Councillor Torenzo Elisala	Funeral donation financial support to sorry business on Badu Island	\$499.99
Dengham Elisala	2024 National Junior Championships in Adelaide	\$2,500.00
Councillor Torenzo Elisala	Councillor Kabay Tamu's request for financial support to host the Zenadth Kes Volleyball carnival on Warraber Island	\$1,000.00
Councillor Torenzo Elisala	Funeral donation financial support for sorry business on Boigu Island	\$2,500.00
Wasada Whap	Funeral travel assistance	\$1,344.96
Maleta Elisala	Funeral travel assistance	\$1,572.00
Dauan Youths	Easter Games	\$569.97
	Total	\$24,964.52

Table 2: Dauan Community Grants



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Amount	ndividual Purpose of Grant or Donation	Organisation/Individual
\$723.00	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	Alimah Dai
\$723.00	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	Alison Wosomo
\$723.00	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	Bethel Wosomo
\$723.00	no Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	Kaithalinah Wosomo
\$5,000.00	ry Church musical instruments	White Dove Ministry
\$606.54	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	Alimah Dai
\$606.54	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	Alison Wosomo
\$606.54	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	Bethel Wosomo
\$606.54	no Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	Kaithalinah Wosomo
\$5,000.00	Funeral travel assistance	Mary Enosa
\$2,498.99	Funeral donation	Evelyn Dau
\$1,734.76	Funeral travel assistance	Waiben Wosomo
\$444.00	Funeral travel assistance	Mekei Wosomo
\$2,000.00	wie Funeral donation	Yakopeta Akiba-Bowie
\$1,300.00	Out-of-cycle community grants assistance	Norah Tabuai
\$1,399.64	Out-of-cycle community grants assistance	Jack Matthew
\$338.40	Funeral donation	Serai Yoelu
	Funeral donation Total	Serai Yoelu

Table 3: Saibai Community Grants

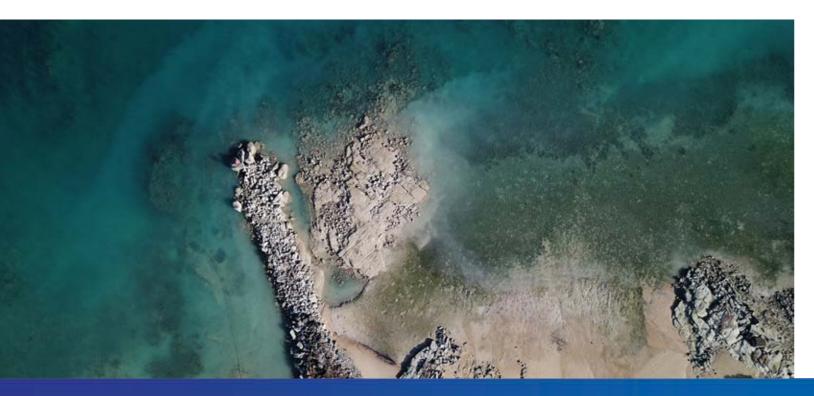


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DIVISION 4 - MABUIAG

Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amount
Larissa Bani	Funeral travel assistance	\$3,624.00
Goemu Bau Raiders	Dan Ropeyarn Cup	\$5,993.46
Mabuygiw Garkaziw Kupay TSI Corporation	Dabangay Cultural Heritage Management Plan	\$1,000.00
Bau Au Stingers	Dan Ropeyarn Cup	\$4,890.00
Diane Sabatino	Funeral Donation	\$299.48
Councillor Keith Fell	Councillor Kabay Tamu's request for financial support to host the Zenadth Kes Volleyball carnival on Warraber Island	\$ 500.00
Mabuiag Junior Rugby League Committee	Junior Rugby League Development Camp	\$3,500.00
Councillor Keith Fell	Funeral donation towards sorry business on Boigu Island	\$500.00
Councillor Keith Fell	Poruma Mui Kuzi Touch Football Team	\$ 500.00
Mabuygivw Garkaziw Kupay TSI Corporation	Mabuiag Community Bus and Mowing Service	\$1,850.00
Marcella Babia	Funeral donation	\$2,343.06
	Total	\$25,000.00

Table 4: Mabuiag Community Grants



Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amoun
Brenda Nona	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	\$723.00
Anaclita Ahmat	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	\$723.00
Denna Nona	Denna Nona - Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials (Travel)	\$723.00
Jesaray Nona	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	\$723.0
Mulga Football Team	QLD Murri Rugby League Carnival	\$5,000.0
Aragun Warriors	Gordonvale All Blacks Rugby League Carnival	\$3,000.0
Louisa Ahmat	Daughter's Air Force Graduation	\$930.0
Geiza Stow/Josephine Ahmat	Funeral donation	\$2,500.0
Kayin Koasals	Dan Ropeyarn Cup	\$998.4
Aragun Warriors	Mackay All Blacks Rugby League Carnival	\$1,000.0
Courtney Morseu	Tagai Secondary Graduation	\$500.0
Elsie Nona	U12's Girls Rugby League State Championship	\$1,215.3
Brenda Nona	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	\$606.5
Anaclita Ahmat	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	\$606.5
Denna Nona	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	\$606.5
Jesaray Nona	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials	\$606.5
Josephine Ahmat	Funeral donation	\$1,245.4
Naizel Enosa	Funeral donation	\$1,221.2
May Ahmat	Badu Year 6 Graduation	\$545.1
Kulpiyam	Youth and Sports Inc.	\$644.0
Dhahdin Geai Warriors	Island of Origin 2024	\$882.00
	Total	\$24,999.7

Table 5: Badu Community Grants

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DIVISION 6 - ARKAI

Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amount
Louise Manas	Funeral travel assistance	\$4,474.95
Jeanon Bosun	Funeral donation	\$2,498.26
Jean Tamwoy	Funeral travel assistance	\$700.00
Councillor Lama Trinkoon	Funeral donation towards sorry business on Badu Island	\$999.99
Councillor Lama Trinkoon	Funeral donation towards sorry business on Saibai Island	\$500.00
Councillor Iona Manas	Funeral donation towards sorry business on Boigu Island	\$1,000.00
Councillor Iona Manas	Councillor John Levi's request for funeral travel assistance for St Pauls, Moa Island	\$1,000.00
Arkai Sisters	Football Team – 2024 Island of Origin on Badu Island	\$4,890.02
Fred Joe	Funeral travel assistance	\$5,000.00
	Total	\$21,063.02

DIVISION 8 - KIRIRRI	
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or
Gabriel Pearson	Funeral travel assistance
Rita Dorante	Funeral donation
Tomisina Ahwang	St Joseph's Day celebration
Councillor Seriako Dorante	Funeral donation towards
Councillor Seriako Dorante	Funeral donation to Counc towards funeral travel assi
Councillor Seriako Dorante	Funeral donation towards
Councillor Seriako Dorante	Funeral donation towards

Table 8: Kirirri Community Grants

Table 6: Arkai Community Grants

DIVISION 7 - WUG

DIVISION 7 - WUG			
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation		Amount
Lalita-Ann Kris	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials		\$723.00
Toshina Sailor	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials		\$723.00
Lalita-Ann Kris	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials		\$606.54
Toshina Sailor	Inaugural Under 17's NQ Sistas Rugby League Trials		\$606.54
Kozan Outreach Fellowship Ministry	Call of Assembly Conference on St Paul's		\$4,525.81
Samantha Kris	Year 6 Graduation		\$2,191.57
Alice Namok	Make, Paint, and Sip Workshop		\$1,877.86
Abigail Lui	Funeral travel assistance		\$4,537.06
Toshina Sailor	Funeral travel assistance		\$3,926.00
Eunice Hosea	Funeral travel assistance		\$5,000.00
Petrine Saunders	Funeral travel assistance		\$282.62
		Total	\$25,000.00

Table 7: Wug Community Grants

DIVISION 9 - IAMA		
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amount
Rene Baluz	Funeral travel assistance	\$5,000.00
Getano Lui	Funeral donation	\$5,000.00
Milleon Tamu/Josephine David	Funeral travel assistance	\$4,422.00
Nellie Lui	Funeral travel assistance	\$5,000.00
Jimmy Mareko	Funeral travel assistance	\$1,869.00
Councillor Getano Lui Jnr	Councillor Kabay Tamu's request for financial support to host the Zenadth Kes Volleyball carnival on Warraber Island	\$1,000.00
Brancis Baragud	St Johns	\$1,000.00
Brancis Baragud	Coming of the Light	\$700.00
	Total	\$23,991.00

Table 9: Iama Community Grants



DIVISION 10 - WARRABER

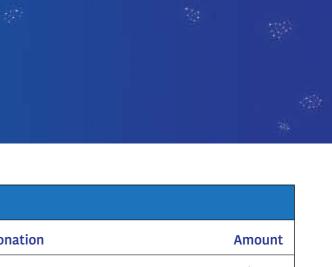
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amount
Applicatio		Allound
Louise Mari	Tikisha Mari World Challenge in New Zealand	\$2,500.00
Catharine Enosa	Community sorry business	\$1,602.00
Nancy Mari	Kenya Mari World Challenge in New Zealand	\$2,000.00
Romiyah Tamu	James Cook University Lodge	\$2,000.00
Florence Lui	Funeral travel assistance	\$396.00
Patricia Harry	Funeral donation	\$5,000.00
Daniel Billy	Funeral travel assistance	\$384.48
Diane Sabatino	Funeral donation	\$500.00
Donald Billy	Funeral donation	\$5,000.00
Aken Baragud	Funeral travel assistance	\$1,524.00
Annie Mari	Funeral travel assistance	\$2,000.00
Warraber Sporting Association	2024 TSYRSA Zenadth Kes Volleyball Carnival	\$816.12
Helena David	Travel assistance	\$1,000.00
		Total \$24,906.48

DIVISION 11 - PORUMA		
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amount
Kerriann Noack	Track and Field Trials	\$250.30
Joseph Pearson	Funeral travel assistance	\$867.30
Anthony Fauid	Funeral travel assistance	\$1,487.00
Freddie David	Contribution towards costs associated with the Poruma Gospel CD Recording Project	\$2,500.00
Gertie Lowatta	Zenadh Kes Volleyball Carnival	\$7,594.00
Diane Sabatino	Funeral donation	\$500.00
Renee Pearson	Funeral donation	5,000.00
Poruma Community	Funeral donation	\$600.00
Poruma Campus Dance Team	State Schools on Stage Creative Generation in Brisbane	\$2,500.00
Porum Mui Kuzi Touch Football Team	Battle of the Islands Touch Football Carnival	\$1,000.00
	Total	\$22,298.60

Table 11: Poruma Community Grants

Table 10: Warraber Community Grants





DIVISION 12 - MASIG

Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amount
Church of The Living God	Spring Church Conference	\$872.56
Masig Thurud Wap	Dan Ropeyarn Cup	\$3,000.00
Dalassa Billy	Funeral travel assistance	\$4,325.43
Pensio Gela (Snr)	Funeral travel assistance	\$1,501.05
Elma Mosby	Funeral travel assistance	\$3,855.00
Councillor Hilda Mosby	Councillor Kabay Tamu's request for financial support to host the Zenadth Kes Volleyball carnival on Warraber Island	\$500.00
Ruth Naawi	Funeral travel assistance	\$1,803.80
Virginia Billy	Funeral travel assistance	\$517.00
Gavin Mosby	Funeral travel assistance	\$578.66
Councillor Hilda Mosby	Funeral donation towards sorry business on Ugar Island	\$1,500.00
Ned Mosby	Funeral travel assistance	\$3,546.60
Councillor Ted Mosby	Funeral donation towards sorry business on Saibai	\$500.00
	Total	\$22,500.10

Table 12: Masig Community Grants

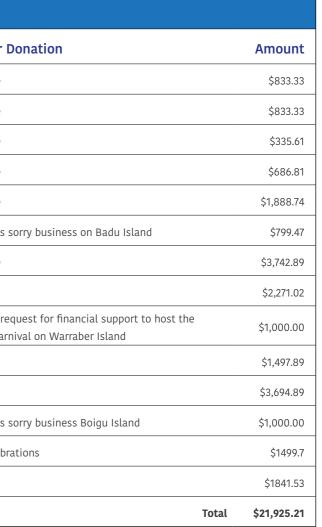
DIVISION 13 - UGAR

DIVISION 13 - UUAR		
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation	Amount
Bob Modee	Ark of Transfiguration's Church Day	\$2,282.79
Ugar P&C Association	2023 Ugar Graduation	\$1,997.66
Joseph Pau	Funeral donation	\$5,000.00
Councillor Rocky Stephen	Funeral donation	\$499.99
Councillor Rocky Stephen	Councillor Kabay Tamu's request for financial support to host the Zenadth Kes Volleyball carnival on Warraber Island	\$1000.00
Belphine Stephen	2024 Zenadh Kes Vollyball	\$921.04
Councillor Rocky Stephen	Funeral donation	\$10,000
	Total	\$21,701.48

Table 13: Ugar Community Grants

DIVISION 14 - ERUB	
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or
Maryanne Tamwoy	Funeral travel assistance
Meo Sailor	Funeral travel assistance
Pensio Gela	Funeral travel assistance
Sarah Gela	Funeral travel assistance
Tabane Bustard	Funeral travel assistance
Councillor Jimmy Gela	Funeral Donation towards
Nazareth Thaiday	Funeral travel assistance
Georgina Thaiday	Funeral donation
Councillor Jimmy Gela	Councillor Kabay Tamu's re Zenadth Kes Volleyball car
John Armitage	ANZAC Day celebrations
John Armitage	Funeral donation
Councillor Nixon Mye	Funeral Donation towards
John Armitage	Coming of the Light Celeb
Nazareth Thaiday	Funeral donation

Table 14: Erub Community Grants



DIVISION 15 - MER

Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation		Amount
St James Anglican Church	Church Day Celebration		\$1,999.61
Rottannah Passi	Funeral travel assistance		\$1,000.00
Leila Passi	Funeral donation		\$5,000.00
Andrew Passi	Local volley and touch competition		\$2,486.20
James Zaro	Funeral donation		\$2,500.00
Ndoro Kaigey	Funeral donation		\$4,995.90
Leah Mosby	Funeral travel assistance		\$599.31
Councillor Aven S. Noah	Funeral donation towards sorry business on Boigu Island		\$300.00
Mer Island Community SYSC	ANZAC Day Celebrations		\$1,000.00
Mer Island Community SYSC	MABO Day Celebrations		\$998.41
Vera Ses	Funeral travel assistance		\$978.00
Sainty Kaigey	Funeral donation		\$2,496.49
		Total	\$24,353.92

Table 15: Mer Community Grants



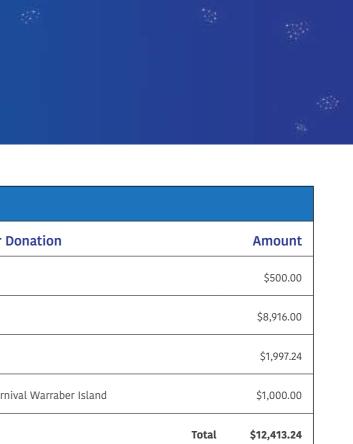
MAYOR	
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or I
Rowena Johnson	Funeral donation
Dhahdin Geai Warriors Badu Island	2024 Island of Origin
Margaret Warusam	Funeral donation
Saibai Ladies Volleyball Team	Zenadh Kes Volleyball Carn

Table 16: Mayor's Community Grants

COMMUNITY GIFTS - CEO			
Applicant	Purpose of Grant or Donation		Amount
Rowena Johnson	Funeral donation		\$1,751.61
Rowena Johnson	Funeral travel assistance		\$1,758.89
Tagai State College	OOC-Bursary Awards Night		\$1,000.00
Diane Sabatino	Funeral donation		\$898.42
Roxin Eagles RLFC	2024 Island of Origin on Badu Island		\$6,520.00
Iama Community P&C	Community donation		\$5,000
Muyngu Koekaper	Travel assistance (Community)		\$5,000
		Total	\$21,928.92

Table 17: Community Gifts - CEO





corporate Plan

Annual Performance

Council's Corporate Plan / Bisnis Plan was adopted in 2019 and sets out a framework to help achieve our vision 'for communities and Council to be autonomous, prosperous, and sustainable', and our mission to improve our communities' liveability in all we do'. Three strategic pillars were identified as essential to achieving these goals: Pipol / People, Mekem las long / Sustainability, and Pruitpul / Prosperity. Twelve (12) outcomes were aligned within the strategic pillars to form a robust framework that guides operational objectives.



Outcome 1: We preserve cultural heritage, history and place.

Outcome 2: Our communities are safe, healthy and active.

Outcome 3: We ensure accessibility to community support services.

Outcome 4: We are a transparent, open and engaging Council.



Outcome 5: We plan effectively for the future of our individual communities and region.

Outcome 6: Our communities remain resilient to the effects of climate change and natural disasters.

Outcome 7: Our communities are consulted around liveable places, aligned to lifestyle and environmental suitability.

Outcome 8: We manage Council affairs responsibly to the benefit of our communities.

Outcome 9: We actively reduce our environmental footprint and manage our resources sustainably.



Outcome 10: We advocate and foster regional prosperity through enterprise development.

Outcome 11: We invest in the retention of key skills within our region.

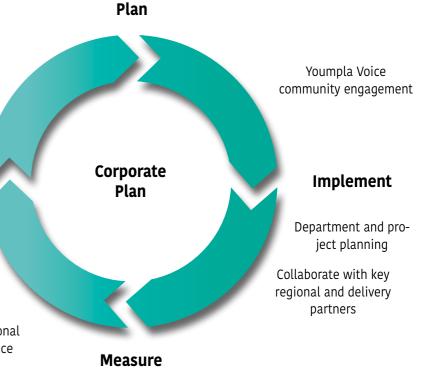
Outcome 12: We bring opportunity to our region and put our culture on the world stage.

A summary of Council's strategic planning and operational performance as we work towards achieving our vision for our communities and Council to be autonomous, prosperous, and sustainable.

This Annual Report includes the forth year of growing towards the objectives set out in the Corporate Plan / Bisnis Plan 2020-2025. The plan sets out the vision for our communities and Council to be autonomous, prosperous, and sustainable.

The below framework outlines how the Annual Report contributes to Council's wider integrated planning and reporting framework. A summary of Council's performance on the 2023/24 Operational Plan can be found on pages 32 to 37.

Progress towards our vision is coordinated and assessed through our integrated planning and reporting framework. The framework consists of our Corporate Plan / Bisnis Plan, our annual Operational Plan, and our reporting requirements, which sit within and contribute to the wider planning process.



Alignment to Regional Plan (2009 - 2029)

> Review legislative and industry changes

Adopt the plan

Develop strategic

partnerships

Review

Analyse Operational Plan performance

Figure 3: Council's integrated planning framework







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Towards Our Corporate Plan

Council develops key performance indicators as part of the annual Operational Plan. The table below outlines the Operational Plan objectives for the 2023/24 financial year and provides a measure of achievement for each. These objectives are actionable targets that move us closer to our vision for Council and communities.

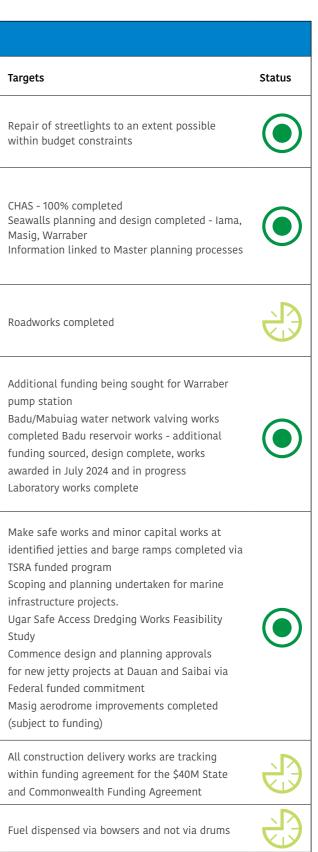


Financial Services

Objective	Link to Corporate Plan	Targets	Status
Continue focus on financial sustainability projects and plan to optimise measurement and reliable	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Financial sustainability committee meets as per the terms of reference Financial sustainability initiatives are determined prioritised and monitored	
Continue to streamline Council's budget and financial statement process within legislated time frames	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Successfully meet Budget Review 23/24 - December 2023 Successfully meet Original Budget 24/25 - June 2024 (July 2024 latest) Statements should be adopted prior to mandated date and be free from material error or misstatement	
Continue migrating modules to Ci Anywhere and implementation of dashboard capability based on approved roadmap	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Successful migration of modules based on approved roadmap All employees using employee self-services for leave forms	
Deliver end of month continuous improvement program to further drive Council's financial maturity	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Review and implementation of a standard EOM process within TechOne with automation of processes where possible: - prepayment automated through the AP process - accruals processed via an ETL or other automated process. - balance sheet reconciliation's performed in T1	
Formulate asset management enhancement strategy through implementing the use of the upgraded system organisation wide - training	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Data cleanse to improve quality of data resulting in more reliable asset management plans	
Deliver Asset Revaluation program (indexation)	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Audit sign off	

Table 18: Financial Services

Engineering Services	
Objective	Link to Corporate Plar
Streetlight defect audit updated, and fee proposal obtained from Ergon to undertake priority rectification works	Pipol (People)
 Carry over - Coastal inundation mitigation: Coastal Hazard Adaptation Strategy Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships Master planning 	Mekem las lon (Sustainability)
Various eligible Islands of DRFA Works Program - Road reconstruction works	Mekem las lon (Sustainability)
Warraber Island Sewer Pump Station #1 replacement Iama water security study - lagoon option Badu and Mabuiag Water Network Management Program Badu Reservoir Main Construction Ugar and Dauan water plant office/lab development	Mekem las lon (Sustainability)
Marine Infrastructure Initiatives Project (make safe works from the Marine Audit Report funded by TSRA \$500K). Scoping and planning for upgrades of marine infrastructures Safety improvements at Masig Aerodrome including replacement of security fencing, and upgrade of helipad Major Marine Projects design and approvals progressed Dauan and Saibai (via \$40m Commonwealth investment)	Mekem las lon (Sustainability)
Delivery of coastal defense works at Iama, Warraber and Masig	Mekem las lon (Sustainability)
Bowsers operational	Mekem las lon (Sustainability)



Towards our corporate Plan



Engineering Services			
Fuel sites operational and compliant.	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Fuel dispensed via bowsers and not via drums	Ð
 Completion of : Metal Waste Legacy Stockpile Clean- ups at Mer, Erub, Ugar, Saibai and Boigu. Waste Reduction Campaign (All Divisions). Warraber Island Resource Recovery Program (transfer station, recycling, composting and removal of waste) Pilot Project. Printer Ink Cartridge and Battery Recycling Campaign. Marine Debris (Ghost Nets etc) Program commenced. Containers for Change Program 	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	All Divisions successful metal waste removal Reusable water bottles, coffee cups and shopping bags distributed throughout communities with survey data collected from the community Funding acquired and development of the Warraber Island Resource Recovery Program Pilot commenced Printer ink cartridge and battery drop off point established in all divisional offices Container drop off points established at each Division	
Complete upgrades in accordance with approved budget and approved Asset Management Plan Finalise review and implementation of internal cost allocation Review and implement revised operating model and fleet consolidation/needs review	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Fleet Item replacements Improved fleet replacement program management and forecasting	

Table 19: Engineering Services	
Table 19: Engineering Services	

Building Service

Building Services			
Objective	Link to Corporate Plan	Targets	Status
Timely and effective delivery of Housing Upgrade and Maintenance Programs meeting agreed Key Performance Indicators	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Successful completion of aged 2023/24 works	
Delivery of capital works programs, working in partnership with other government agencies using joint financial and operational methodologies	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Completion of W4Q Round 4 25% completion of Housing Investment Program	

Table 20: Building Services

Objective	Link to Corporate Pl
Create safe and culturaly appropriate spaces to allow for communities and elders to share and write stories	Pipol (People
Development and implementation of compliance and enforcement program (Local Laws - Authorised Officers)	Pipol (People
Community Centre Community Health and Wellbeing Action Plan	Pipol (People
Implement outreach IKC First 5 Forever in 4 communities without IKC	Pipol (People
Support Communities to use existing or create new alternatives for community garden	Pipol (People
Community-centric Community Health and Wellbeing Action Plan	Pipol (People
Increase consumer consultation to develop robust programs to support Elderly and Disability consumers access to additional support services, to assist them to stay connected in community	Pipol (People
Investigate funding options for Centres and Council to achieve sustainability Work with the debtor's team to recovery outstanding Child Care fees	Pipol (People
Community Consultations to inform Regional Housing Strategy Provide awareness of general tenancy agreement for clients to strengthen relationships between TSIRC and communities	Mekem las lo (Sustainabilit
Active involvement with Biosecurity program Waste Management Strategy Healthy Housing Working Group to represent and advocate environment and health matters of our Region	Mekem las lo (Sustainabilit



Towards our corporate Plan

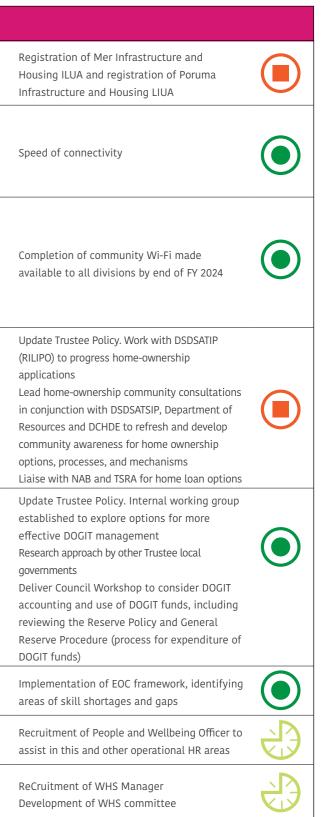


Table 21: Community Services

Corporate Services

Objective	Link to Corporate Plan	Targets	Status
Carry over - Further develop Council's community information & engagement channels	Pipol (People)	Project funding obtained and digital noticeboard project delivered	
Carry over - Further development of Council's employee Intranet - phase 2 and 3 implementations	Pipol (People)	Further development of Council's Employee Intranet - phase 2 and 3 implementations	
Carry over - Further develop a good risk culture across Council	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Events Risk Management Framework Risk Management Training. Implement Fraud and Corruption Control Plan	\mathbf{O}
Carry over - Delivery of Council's Enterprise Development Strategy, identifying key sector opportunities	Pruitpul (Prosperity)	Successful delivery of strategy	
Evolve Council's Enterprise Divestment Strategy (aligned to Enterprise Development Strategy)	Pruitpul (Prosperity)	Finalise Council's Divestment Policy Finalise Council's policy on waiver of licence fees for community organisations and enterprises	
Carry over - 48. Saibai land transfer & Ugar Land Transfer: To facilitate the progression of transfer of Deeds of Grant in Trust from Council to community-based entity that has been fully endorsed by the community to be the trustee	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Lessons learned workshop held with TSIRC. Council Trustee endorsement of land transfer consultation process	
Carry over - 49. Landing Holding Act (LHA) Katter Lease Resolution (OP)	Mekem las long (Sustainability)	Successful resolution of all outstanding LHA entitlements	

Corporate Services	
Mer Infrastructure and Housing ILUA and Poruma Infrastructure and Housing ILUA	Mekem las (Sustainabil
Work with Telstra to improve 4g blackspots and poor 4G service throughout the Divisions to assist community members with improved mobile reception and improved performance of TSIRC's 4G Satellite failover solution	Mekem las I (Sustainabil
Carry over - 48. Continue working with NBN Co. to provide community Wi-Fi to all remaining Divisions. Divisions completed so far are Hammond Island, Masig, Erub and Kubin. This	Mekem las I (Sustainabil
project is based on NBN Co. securing further state and federal funding	
Progress homeownership on TSIRC DOGIT land	Mekem las I (Sustainabil
Assist in the effective management of DOGIT Land as a Trustee	Mekem las I (Sustainabil
LGAQ Funding available for identified employees. Will be part of the EOC framework	Mekem las (Sustainabil
Review of current CA Agreement to commence latter part of 2023	Mekem las I (Sustainabil
A recent audit review of WHS by Mindful Risk highlighted Critical areas of safety that need to be addressed across the Torres Strait	Mekem las (Sustainabil



compliance



This section of the report contains information which is prescribed by the Local Government Act 2009 and Local Government Regulation 2012 to be disclosed in Council's Annual Report for the period.

Council and its Elected Members continue to fulfil their roles and responsibilities in accordance with legislative requirements. Council is committed to effective, transparent, and accountable governance.

Role of Council

Local government plays an important role in community governance. As a forum for local decision-making, it helps deliver the Queensland Government priorities locally and regionally

A local government provides a wide range of services and activities, and for our Council this is even wider and more important than most.

The powers of local governments in Queensland are defined in the Local Government Act 2009 and the Local Government Regulation 2012.

The services Torres Strait Island Regional Council provides include the following:

- Maintenance and construction of local roads and infrastructure
- Provision of water and sewerage
- Provision of waste collection
- Provision of animal management
- Provision of planning services
- Management of local laws
- Provision of community facilities such as community halls and Indigenous Knowledge Centres (IKC)
- Provision of child and aged care
- Provision of postal services
- Provision of Centrelink services
- Provision of fuel and gas
- Social housing management including repairs, maintenance, and new builds

Some of these services differ from your normal local government due to the nature of our location. Often, we are the only organisation in the region able to provide these services.





- Section 12 of the Local Government Act 2009 states that the role of elected members is to:
- represent the current and future interests of residents in the local government area,
- provide high-quality leadership to the region and Council,
 - participate in Council meetings, policy development, and decision making,
- ensure that the Council acts responsibly, achieves the goals set out in the Corporate Plan, and adheres to all laws that apply to local governments.
- The Mayor and Elected Members perform their roles by attending and participating in Council meetings, engaging with residents, and participating in policy development and decision-making processes. The Mayor has additional responsibilities to those listed above, which include chairing Council meetings, leading and advising Council's Chief Executive Officer, and representing Council at ceremonial or civic functions.
- The Mayor and Elected Members are elected democratically by the community to represent the current and future interests of the entire local government area, with each division electing a Councillor and the Mayor elected for the region. One Councillor is elected Deputy Mayor by their fellow Councillors.
- The Elected Council conduct monthly Ordinary Meetings to consider and decide on strategic matters regarding Council's local government area and operation. In addition to Ordinary Meetings, Special Meetings are held when required to discuss and decide upon urgent strategic matters.
- Council is also the trustee for the Deed of Grant in Trust land. As trustee, Council is responsible for managing and protecting the land for the Islander inhabitants. Separate meetings are held to deal with matters relating to trust land and Council's role as trustee.

Councillor Meeting Attendance 1 July 2023 – 6 March 2024.

	Ordinary meetings	7/9
Councillor Phillemon Mosby Mayor	Trustee Meetings	8/9
	Special Meetings	2/2
	Strategic Advisory Reference Group (SARG) Meetings (Chair)	2/2
	Standing Committee Meetings	2/10
	Ordinary Meetings	6/9
	Trustee Meetings	7/9
Division 1 – Boigu	Special Meetings	2/2
Councillor Dimas Toby	Governance & Leadership Committee	0/1
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/2
	Ordinary Meetings	8/9
	Trustee Meetings	8/9
Division 2 - Dauan Councillor Torenzo Elisala	Special Meetings	1/2
Councillor Torenzo Elisala	Culture, Arts, Land & Heritage Committee	1/1
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/2
	Ordinary Meetings	9/9
	Trustee Meetings	8/9
Division 3 - Saibai Councillor Conwell Tabuai	Special Meetings	1/2
councillor conwell fabuar	Economic Growth Committee	4/4
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/2
	Ordinary Meetings	8/9
	Trustee Meetings	8/9
Division 4 - Mabuiag Councillor Keith Fell	Special Meetings	1/2
councillor Keith Fell	Housing and Safe & Healthy Communities Committee (Chair)	2/2
	SARG Meetings	2/2
	Ordinary Meetings	0/1
Division 5 - Badu Councillor Laurie Nona	Trustee Meetings	0/1
Councillor Laurie Nona resigned from	Special Meetings	0/0
Council effective 27 July 2023	Culture, Arts, Land & Heritage Committee	0/0
Council effective 27 July 2023	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/0
Division 5 – Badu	Ordinary Meetings	7/7
Councillor Ranetta Wosomo	Trustee Meetings	7/7
Councillor Ranetta Wosomo	Special Meetings	2/2
was appointed as Councillor on	Culture, Arts, Land & Heritage Committee	1/1
19 September 2023	SARG Meetings	2/2

	Ordinary Meetings	8/
Division 6 - Arkai Councillor Lama Trinkoon	Trustee Meetings	8/
	Special Meetings	2/
	Governance & Leadership Committee	1/
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/
	Ordinary meetings	7/
	Trustee Meetings	7/
Division 7 – Wug Councillor John Levi	Special Meetings	1/
	Housing and Safe & Healthy Communities Committee	2/
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/
	Ordinary Meetings	7/
	Trustee Meetings	7/
Division 8 – Kirirri Councillor Seriako Dorante	Special Meetings	1/
Councillor Seriako Dorante	Climate Change Adaptation & Environment Committee	2/
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/
	Ordinary Meetings	7/
Division 9 – Iama	Trustee Meetings	7/
Councillor Getano Lui (Jnr) AM	Special Meetings	1/
Deputy Mayor	Governance & Leadership Committee (Chair)	0,
	SARG Meetings	2/
	Ordinary Meetings	8/
	Trustee Meetings	8/
Division 10 - Warraber Councillor Kabay Tamu	Special Meetings	1/
Councillor Kabay Talliu	Climate Change Adaptation & Environment Committee	0/
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/
	Ordinary Meetings	9/
	Trustee Meetings	8/
Division 11 - Poruma Councillor Francis Pearson	Special Meetings	2/
	Housing and Safe & Healthy Communities Committee	1/
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/
	Ordinary Meetings	8/
	Trustee Meetings	8/
Division 12 – Masig	Special Meetings	0/
Councillor Hilda Mosby	Climate Change Adaptation & Environment Committee (Chair)	2/
	SARG Meetings	2/



Elected Member Meeting Attendance

Division 13 - Ugar Councillor Rocky Stephen	Ordinary Meetings	8/9
	Trustee Meetings	8/9
	Special Meetings	2/2
councillor kocky stephen	Economic Growth Committee (Chair)	4/4
	SARG Meetings	2/2
	Ordinary Meetings	8/9
Division 14 - Erub Councillor Jimmy Gela	Trustee Meetings	8/9
	Special Meetings	2/2
	Economic Growth Committee	4/4
	SARG Meetings as Proxy	0/2
	Ordinary Meetings	0/0
Division 15 - Mer Councillor Aven S. Noah	Trustee Meetings	0/0
	Special Meetings	0/0
	Culture, Arts, Land & Heritage Committee (Chair)	0/0
	SARG Meetings	0/0

Table 23: Councillor meeting attendance 1 July - 6 March 2024

Councillor Meeting Attendance 16 April to 30 June 2024.

All Councillors attended the Declaration of Office and Post-Election Meeting on Tuesday 16 April 2024 in Cairns.

	Ordinary meetings	2/3
Councillor Phillemon Mosby	Trustee Meetings	2/3
Mayor	Interim Special Committee to Review Council's Standing Committees (Chair)	1/1
Division 1 – Boigu	Ordinary Meetings	2/3
Councillor Dimas Toby	Trustee Meetings	2/3
Division 2 – Dauan	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor Torenzo Elisala	Trustee Meetings	3/3
	Ordinary Meetings	2/3
Division 3 - Saibai Councillor Chelsea Aniba	Trustee Meetings	2/3
Councillor Chelsea Amba	Interim Special Committee to Review Council's Standing Committees	1/1

Division 4 – Mabuiag	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor Keith Fell	Trustee Meetings	3/3
	Interim Special Committee to Review Council's Standing Committees	1/1
Division 5 – Badu	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor Ranetta Wosomo	Trustee Meetings	3/3
Deputy Mayor	Member - Interim Special Committee to Review Council's Standing Committees	1/1
Division 6 – Arkai	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor Iona Manas	Trustee Meetings	3/3
Division 7 – Wug	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor John Levi	Trustee Meetings	3/3
Division 8 – Kirirri	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor Seriako Dorante	Trustee Meetings	3/3
	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Division 9 – Iama Councillor Aggie Hankin	Trustee Meetings	3/3
Councillor Aggie Hankin	Interim Special Committee to Review Council's Standing Committees	1/1
	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Division 10 – Warraber	Trustee Meetings	3/3
Councillor Kabay Tamu	Interim Special Committee to Review Council's Standing Committees	1/1
Division 11 – Poruma	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor Francis Pearson	Trustee Meetings	3/3
Division 12 – Masig	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor Ted Mosby	Trustee Meetings	3/3
	Ordinary Meetings	2/3
Division 13 – Ugar	Trustee Meetings	2/3
Councillor Rocky Stephen	Interim Special Committee to Review Council's Standing Committees	1/1
Division 14 – Erub	Ordinary Meetings	3/3
Councillor Nixon Mye	Trustee Meetings	3/3
	Ordinary Meetings	1/3
Division 15 – Mer	Trustee Meetings	1/3
Councillor Bob Kaigey	Interim Special Committee to Review Council's Standing Committees	1/1

Table 24: Councillor meeting attendance 16 April - 30 June 2024

standing committees

Standing Committees give Councillors the opportunity to work closely on matters of special interest or specialised skill. Each Councillor is a member of one committee and is elected by their peers, with the Mayor sitting on all committees.

The five subject committees meet three to four times a year to discuss and make recommendations on matters within the committee's portfolio. The chairs of these committees, along with the Mayor, form the Strategic Advisory Reference Group (SARG). The SARG committee meets monthly and progress matters dealt with at subject committee level, review draft policies and make recommendations on strategic matters.

Strategic Advisory Reference Group

The objective of the committee is to provide leadership on the strategic position and direction of Council arising from all external and internal influences and their impacts resulting from various sources including international developments, Government regulations and reforms, and Council policy, procedures, strategy and planning.

Members: Mayor Phillemon Mosby (Chair), Councillor Hilda Mosby, Councillor Aven S. Noah, Councillor Rocky Stephen, Councillor Getano Lui (Jnr) AM, and Councillor Keith Fell. Councillor Ranetta Wosomo became a member of the Committee in November 2023 in her capacity as Acting Chairperson of the Culture, Arts, Land and Heritage Committee.

Executive: Chief Executive Officer (including all Executive Directors)

During the 2023/24 financial year, the Strategic Advisory Reference Group Committee worked on Council's strategic direction, Council's advocacy priorities as well as other matters referred by the five specialist standing committees.

Cultural, Arts, Land & Heritage

This committee has a portfolio including:

- Ailan Kastom
- Cultural heritage
- Language & arts
- Regional events
- Reconciliation Action Plan (RAP)
- Native Title
- Deeds of Grant in Trust
- Land transfer

Members: Councillor Aven S. Noah (Chair), Mayor Phillemon Mosby, Councillor Torenzo Elisala, Councillor Laurie Nona, Councillor Ranetta Wosomo (Chair, effective November 2023)

Councillor Ranetta Wosomo was appointed as a councillor for Division 5 on 19 September 2023 following the resignation of Councillor Laurie Nona. Councillor Ranetta Wosomo was subsequently appointed in November 2023 as the Acting Chair of the Committee.

Executive: Executive Director Corporate Services

During the 2023/24 financial year, the Committee met once, reviewing such matters as statutory licensing royalties from the Copyright Agency in relation to the Torres Strait Islander Flag and community radio matters.

Economic Growth

This committee has a portfolio including:

- Divestment of enterprises
- Regional stimulus projects
- Industry development
- Torres Strait procurement policy
- Connectivity
- Employment and training

During the 2023/24 financial year, the Committee focussed on the development, costing and sourcing of funds to enable a community consultation process to be undertaken in the drafting of Council's Economic Development Strategy. This project proposes to be the first phase that will provide an important evidence base to inform a second phase that aims to develop a comprehensive TSIRC long-term (10-year) Sustainable Economic Development Strategic Action Plan.

The Committee successfully lobbied Council for amendments to the Procurement and Ethical Sourcing Policy in relation to home ownership or Tier 2 (upgrades program) in order to expedite the completion of projects on the ground (i.e. concreting works, ordering/transportation of items, etc.) without having to seek Council approval across each stage of the same project.

The Committee progressed the Ugar and Dauan Access Feasibility Study, including a proposal to develop a business case for alternative and improved methods of transportation options on helicopter and ferry services. This study – including a community consultation process - aims to enhance connectivity and supporting the growth and wellbeing of the Duan and Ugar Island communities.

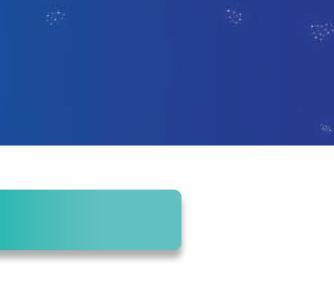
The Committee also lobbied strongly for a feasibility study into the Hammond Island Ferry service, as well as for ongoing external funding to maintain the existing subsidised service.

Governance and Leadership

This committee has a portfolio including:

- Regional Assembly
- Transition Action Plan (TAP)
- Torres Strait Treaty
- Local Government Boundaries

The Committee met in October 2023 to consider an annual delegations update, including updated statutory powers for endorsement of Council delegations to the Chief Executive Officer.



Members: Councillor Rocky Stephen (Chair), Mayor Phillemon Mosby, Councillor Cornwell Tabuai, Councillor Jimmy Gela

Executive: Executive Director Financial Services



Members: Councillor Getano Lui (Jnr) AM (Chair), Mayor Phillemon Mosby, Councillor Lama Trinkoon, Councillor Dimas Toby

Executive: Chief Executive Officer

standing committees



Housing, and Safe and Healthy Communities

This committee has a portfolio including:

- Housing
- Water and wastewater
- Access and transport
- Health
- Master planning
- Youth
- Women
- Employment

During the 2023/24 financial year, the Committee maintained its focus on all matters within the portfolio.

Operational HF radio coverage across the region remains high on the Committee's radar, as well as animal management issues (including feral animals).

The Committee agreed that it would explore further the need for an audit of Service Providers in the Torres Strait region (Government and Government funded services) to provide clear information to the community about providers, duplication of efforts, service gaps and money spend in the region and surrounding regions.

Climate Change Adaptation and Environment

This committee has a portfolio including:

- Torres Strait Climate Change Strategy
- Torres Strait Sea Wall Program
- Torres Strait and North Peninsula Area
- **Biosecurity Plan**
- Renewable energy productions
- Waste management
- Land & sea management

Members: Councillor Hilda Mosby (Chair), Mayor Phillemon Mosby, Councillor Kabay Tamu, Councillor Seriako Dorante

Members: Councillor Keith Fell (Chair), Mayor

Francis Pearson

Phillemon Mosby, Councillor John Levi, Councillor

Executive: Executive Director Community Services

Executive: Executive Director Engineering Services

During the 2023/24 financial year, the Committee secured Council endorsement for a formal 28-day public review/ consultation period for the Coastal Hazard Adaptation Strategy (CHAS) and to make the document publicly available following the consultation period. The CHAS is a collaborative plan blending Indigenous knowledge, youth perspectives, and climate change expertise to ensure that Torres Strait Island communities continue to thrive in harmony with their environment. The Strategy integrates western science and traditional knowledge, so that as our climate changes, our 15 coastal communities remain resilient, safe, confident and ready for coastal hazards such as coastal erosion, storm-tides, and sea-level rise. As such, the Committee agreed that the CHAS report should be a 'living document' that can be adjusted as issues arise.

- Waste Management/Biosecurity
- Erub Landfill Project

•

- Zenadth Kes Coastal Hazard Adaptation Strategy (CHAS) Progressing with Outcomes
- Renewable Energy Solutions
- . locations that are safe from rising water levels, i.e. planning for staged housing and infrastructure redevelopment, etc.)
- in town planning/strategic planning as well as overall strategic policy expertise to mitigate the impacts of climate change.





Development of holistic/long term strategies to address the impacts of climate change (building homes on

Council must also prioritise funding for appropriate TSIRC staffing resources for positions with expertise

Councillor Remuneration

虚

Each year the Local Government Remuneration Commission sets the remuneration rates for Elected Members across Queensland. Torres Strait Island Regional Council's Elected Members are paid in accordance with the levels set by the Commission.

The remuneration for Elected Members of the Torres Strait Island Regional Council in the 2023/24 financial year was:

- Mayor \$114,801
- Deputy Mayor: \$66,231
- Councillor: \$57,400

The remuneration for Councillors consists of two apportionments: the base rate and a meeting fee.

In 2023/24 the annual base payment was \$38,266.67 and the meeting fee was \$1,594.44 per calendar month (or fortnightly equivalent). The meeting fee is payable for attendance and participation at scheduled meetings of the Council, subject to certification by the Mayor and/or Chief Executive Officer.



The table below shows Councillor allowance (remuneratio financial year.

Councillor	Allowance (Remuneration)	Travel allowance	Provision of Car	Total
Mayor Phillemon Mosby	\$114,800.92	\$34,809.8	\$14,283.00	\$163,893.72
Div 1 - Councillor Dimas Toby	\$57,400.04	\$5,767.90	\$14,283.00	\$77,450.94
Div 2 - Councillor Torenzo Elisala	\$60,465.52	\$5,847.60	\$14,283.00	\$80,596.12
Div 3 - Councillor Conwell Tabuai	\$43,491.60	\$2,376.90	\$10,877.05	\$56,745.55
Div 3 - Councillor Chelsea Aniba	\$15,380.28	\$3,470.70	\$2,197.38	\$21,048.36
Div 4 - Councillor Keith Fell	\$57,400.07	\$8,088.90	\$14,283.00	\$79,771.97
Div 5 - Councillor Laurie Nona	\$2,628.21	\$-	\$-	\$2,628.21
Div 5 - Councillor Ranetta Wosomo Deputy Mayor	\$48,588.21	\$9,166.90	\$2,746.73	\$60,501.84
Div 6 - Councillor Lama Trinkoon	\$43,491.60	\$2,941.70	\$-	\$46,433.30
Div 6 - Councillor Iona Manas	\$13,908.48	\$3,269.00	\$-	\$16,850.18
Div 7 - Councillor John Levi	\$57,400.08	\$5,391.90	\$14,283.00	\$77,074.98
Div 8 - Councillor Seriako Dorante	\$57,400.08	\$5,002.00	\$14,283.00	\$76,685.08
Div 9 - Councillor Getano Lui (Jnr) AM	\$50,437.53	\$5,788.70	\$10,877.05	\$67,103.28
Div 9 - Councillor Aggie Hankin	\$13,908.48	\$2,648.10	\$-	\$16,556.58
Div 10 - Councillor Kabay Tamu	\$57,400.08	\$7,713.70	\$2,746.73	\$67,860.51
Div 11 - Councillor Francis Pearson	\$54,333.84	\$6,068.50	\$14,283.00	\$74,685.34
Div 12 - Councillor Hilda Mosby	\$43,491.60	\$9,055.60	\$10,877.05	\$63,424.25
Div 12 - Councillor Ted Mosby	\$13,908.48	\$2,904.80	\$2,746.73	\$19,560.01
Div 13 - Councillor Rocky Stephen	\$57,400.08	\$21,535.60	\$-	\$78,935.68
Div 14- Councillor Jimmy Gela	\$43,491.60	\$2,926.20	\$10,877.05	\$57,294.85
Div 14 - Councillor Nixon Mye	\$13,908.48	\$2,683.90	\$2,746.73	\$19,339.11
Div 15 - Councillor Aven S. Noah	\$43,491.60	\$-	\$10,877.05	\$54,368.65
Div 15 - Councillor Bob Kaigey	\$13,908.48	\$2,290.00	\$2,746.73	\$18,945.21

Table 25: Councillor remuneration by category

NOTE: An additional \$83,544.00 of executive support costs were provided to the Mayor.



The table below shows Councillor allowance (remuneration), travel allowance and provision of a car for the 2023/24

Councillor Expenses

In addition to remuneration, Councillors are entitled to the provision of facilities that enable them to fulfil their duties and responsibilities. Provisions under this entitlement are set out in Council's Councillor Remuneration, Reimbursement and Facilities Provision Policy.

In accordance with the Policy, Elected Members are provided with an office in their respective division, a laptop, a mobile phone for Council use, and meeting and administrative support as required.

Elected Members can hire a car from Council, which can be used for Council and personal business, at a rate of \$25 per week. Councillors are also provided travel and accommodation when travelling for Council business, including travel to attend conferences, workshops, forums, and other relevant meetings. Councillors are covered by Council's insurance policies.



airfares and car hire during the 2023/24 financial year.

Councillor	Accommodation	Airfares	Car Hire	Other	Total
Mayor Phillemon Mosby	\$49,366.98	\$72,610.55	\$27,567.20	\$ 192.35	\$149,737.08
Div 1 - Councillor Dimas Toby	\$178.18	\$9,323.42	\$3,813.63	\$-	\$13,315.23
Div 2 - Councillor Torenzo Elisala	\$5,249.54	\$14,461.99	\$2,122.72	\$-	\$21,834.25
Div 3 - Councillor Conwell Tabuai	\$2,036.36	\$3,775.24	\$1,177.27	\$-	\$6,988.87
Div 3 - Councillor Chelsea Aniba	\$4,724.62	\$3,411.05	\$2,690.91	\$-	\$10,826.58
Div 4 - Councillor Keith Fell	\$-	\$11,098.43	\$3,220.22	\$ 952.73	\$15,271.38
Div 5 - Councillor Laurie Nona		Ν	il		\$-
Div 5 - Councillor Ranetta Wosomo Deputy Mayor	\$13,640.35	\$16,748.11	\$1,400.01	\$-	\$31,788.47
Div 6 - Councillor Lama Trinkoon	\$5,483.73	\$4,645.67	\$1,215.89	\$-	\$11,345.29
Div 6 - Councillor Iona Manas	\$2,689.09	\$1,464.66	\$1,081.82	\$-	\$5,235.57
Div 7 - Councillor John Levi	\$6,445.21	\$10,945.28	\$2,631.82	\$-	\$20,022.31
Div 8 - Councillor Seriako Dorante	\$5,877.64	\$4,637.65	\$-	\$ 277.28	\$10,792.58
Div 9 - Councillor Getano Lui (Jnr) AM	\$1,194.00	\$13,760.40	\$4,132.91	\$ 40.91	\$19,128.22
Div 9 - Councillor Aggie Hankin	\$3,559.27	\$3,143.70	\$1,295.46	\$-	\$7,998.43
Div 10 - Councillor Kabay Tamu	\$11,498.00	\$14,107.10	\$2,631.82	\$-	\$28,236.92
Div 11 - Councillor Francis Pearson	\$6,668.85	\$14,457.73	\$2,695.45	\$-	\$23,822.03
Div 12 - Councillor Hilda Mosby	\$-	\$11,235.53	\$3,317.75	\$-	\$14,553.28
Div 12 - Councillor Ted Mosby	\$5,122.59	\$8,973.32	\$1,536.37	\$-	\$15,632.28
Div 13 - Councillor Rocky Stephen	\$12,809.11	\$26,077.72	\$1,540.08	\$-	\$40,426.90
Div 14- Councillor Jimmy Gela	\$2,924.00	\$7,820.75	\$1,145.45	\$ 138.82	\$12,029.02
Div 14 - Councillor Nixon Mye	\$4,388.20	\$10,200.98	\$-	\$-	\$14,589.19
Div 15 - Councillor Aven S. Noah		Nil			\$-
Div 15 - Councillor Bob Kaigey	\$4,135.32	\$5,476.71	\$486.36	\$-	\$10,098.39

Table 26: Councillor expenses by category



The table below shows Councillor expenses incurred for travel for Council business including accommodation,

councillor conduct Matters

Audit Report

The Local Government Act 2009 sets out the roles, responsibilities, and obligations of Councillors. Complaints about the conduct of Councillors are to be made, or referred, to the Independent Assessor for investigation.

In accordance with the Councillor conduct framework provided for under Chapter 5A of the Local Government Act 2009 and Section 186(1)(d) to (f) of the Local Government Regulation 2012 there were no Councillor conduct matters recorded in the 2023/24 financial year.

Regulation	Description	Number	Details
LGR s186(1)(i)	The number of decisions made by the local government under section 150AG(1) of the LGA during the financial year	1	The matter referred by Council to the Office of the Independent Assessor on 4 May 2022, (C/22/00177) was resolved by Council on 18 July 2024.

Table 27: Councillor Conduct Matters

Administrative Action complaints

Council is committed to dealing fairly with every administrative action complaint.

An administrative action complaint is a complaint about action taken or failed to be taken by Council (as defined in section 268 of the Local Government Act 2009).

Council has a clear process in place for resolving administrative action complaints. The process is managed under Council's Complaint Management Policy and Procedure, and Council's Housing Complaint Management Policy.

Regulation	Description	Number
s187	Administrative action complaints carried over from the previous financial year	12
s187(2)(a)i	Administrative action complaints made during 2023/24	16
s187(2)(a)ii	Administrative action complaints resolved during 2023/24	19
s187(2)(a)iii	Administrative action complaints not resolved at close of the financial 2023/24 year	9
s187(2)(b)i	Administrative action complaints not resolved at close of the financial year 2023/24 which were lodged during the previous financial year 2023/24	0

Table 28: Record of administrative action complaints

Council is committed to ensuring its internal and external accountability requirements are met as outlined in the Local Government Act 2009 and Local Government Regulation 2012.

Audit Committee

Council's Audit Committee meets to monitor, review, and make recommendations for action or improvement to Council.

Council's Audit Committee in 2023/24 consisted of:

- Chairperson: Cam Charlton
- Deputy Chair: Darryl Bell

Elected Members:

- Mayor Phillemon Mosby
- Councillor Keith Fell
- Councillor Chelsea Aniba
- Councillor Bob Kaigey (Proxy)
- Councillor Rocky Stephen (Proxy)
- Councillor Lama Trinkoon (Proxy)
- Councillor Kabay Tamu (Proxy)

The Audit Committee continued to focus on policies and procedures, financial sustainability, and risk and governance.

Internal Audit

Council's internal audit function provides independent and objective assurance of organisational operations. It brings a systematic and disciplined approach to the evaluation and management of our risk management controls and governance processes. The internal audit function works collaboratively with Council's executive leadership team and management to recommend improvements to systems, processes, work practices, compliance, and business effectiveness. The internal audit function is outsourced to Pacifica Chartered Accountants.

The Internal Audit Plan sets outs the objectives for the financial year. The Plan is reviewed annually by Council's executive leadership team and Audit Committee to ensure it continues to align with organisational needs and our Corporate Risk Register.

Council's 2023/24 Internal Audit Plan included the following components:

- Divisional Management Process Review
- Community Grants Review Process Redesign to m Compliance
- Audit issues register review

The commencement and finalisation of some projects was delayed due to internal resourcing.







Community Grants Review - Process Redesign to minimise cost of CSO (decentralised vs centralised) and

compliance Activities

Council's compliance activities for the 2023/24 financial year in accordance with the legislative requirements set out in the Local Government Act 2009 and Local Government Regulation 2012.

Compliance with section 23

Public Sector Ethics Act 1994

Council's commitment to Queensland's public sector ethical principles and the local government principles are reflected in our policies and procedures. Our administrative procedures and management practices are drafted in line with the ethical principles, local government principles, and Council's Code of Conduct.

Council's Code of Conduct applies to all employees, Councillors, contractors, consultants, and agents of Council and sets out the expected rights, duties, and obligations of all who are subject to it.

All employees appointed to positions with Council are informed of their rights, duties, and obligations under the Code of Conduct via our induction program.

The induction of new employees includes training on the local government principles set out in section 4(2) of the Local Government Act 2009 and the ethical principles set out in section 4(2) of the Public Sector Ethics Act 1994. Council employees can also access the Code of Conduct on Council's corporate intranet.

Beneficial enterprises

During the 2023/24 financial year, Council conducted no beneficial enterprises.

Business activities

Council conducted the following business activities during the 2023/24 financial year: accommodation, building services, childcare services, commercial property rentals and the sale of fuel and gas.

Significant business activities

During the 2023/24 financial year Council did not undertake any significant business activities.

Registers kept by Council

Council's registers provide a source of truth for various subject matters and help ensure efficient, effective, and transparent governance processes.

Council kept the following registers during the 2023/24 financial year:

- Assets register
- Beneficial Enterprises
- Cat and Dog register
- Councillor Conduct register
- Delegations registers
- General Complaints Database
- Interests register
- Land Record
- Large Contracts register
- Local Laws register
- Lost and Stolen Property
- Preferred Suppliers
- Pre-qualified Suppliers
- Register of Councillors
- Register of Electoral Gifts
- Register of Fees and Charges
- Register of Gifts
- Right to Information Database
- Road Map and register
- Sole Supplier register.

Overseas travel

No Councillors or Torres Strait Island Council employees travelled overseas on Council business in the 2023/24 financial year.

Staff remuneration

Section 201 of the Local Government Act 2009 requires that a local government's annual report state the total remuneration packages payable to senior management. The following table shows the senior management remuneration packages for the 12-month period from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024. The remuneration levels shown are on a cash basis and exclude non-monetary benefits, allowances, and superannuation. The total remuneration payable in 2023/24 to senior management was \$1,078,258.82.

Remuneration Package Band	In band
\$ 50,001 - \$150,000	1
\$150,001 - \$250,000	3
\$250,001 - \$350,000	1

Table 29: Executive remuneration package bands

Particular resolutions

No resolutions were made by Council under section 206(2) of the Local Government regulation in the 2023/24 financial year.

Council's Councillor Remuneration, Reimbursement and Facilities Provision Policy was adopted in June 2024 under section 250(1) of the Local Government regulation.

Section 206(2)

No resolutions were made by Council under section 206(2) of the Local Government regulation in the 2023/24 financial year.

Section 250(1)

Council's Councillor Remuneration, Reimbursement and Facilities Provision Policy was adopted in June 2024 under section 250(1) of the Local Government regulation.



During the 2023/24 financial year Councillors were not provided with a budget for discretionary funds.

Commercial business units

During the 2023/24 financial year Council did not maintain any commercial business units.

Joint local government activity

During the 2023/24 financial year Council did not undertake any joint local government activity.

Special rates and charges

During the 2023/24 financial year Council did not take any levy any special rates or charges.

Invitation to change tender

During the 2023/24 financial year, there was five invitation to change tender under section 228(8) of the Local Government Regulation 2012.

Concessions for rates and charges

During the 2023/24 financial year Council did not grant any concessions for rates and charges.

Summary of investigation notices

During the 2023/24 financial year, Council did not receive any Queensland Competition Authority notices of investigation.

Competitive neutrality complaints

During the 2023/24 financial year, Council did not receive any Queensland Competition Authority recommendations on any competitive neutrality complaints.



The Community Financial Report is a summary of the information contained in Council's General Purpose Financial Statements for the period 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 and has been provided to enable community members to obtain an improved understanding of Council's financial performance over the last financial year.

The report summarises the following:

- Statement of Comprehensive Income: Measures • how Council performed in relation to income and expenditure from operations to give a net result.
- Statement of Financial Position: Is a snapshot of • what we own (our assets) and what we owe (our liabilities) as at the end of the Financial Year, with the difference (our equity) reflecting our net worth.
- Statement of Changes in Equity: Summarises changes in our net worth during the year including showing the movements in our retained earnings, reserves and asset revaluation surplus.

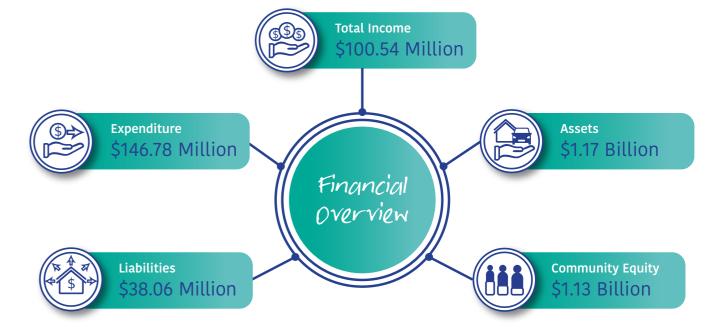


Figure 4: Council's Financial

- Statement of Cash Flows: Shows cash movements that have occurred during the Financial Year. The closing balance reflects how much cash Council had at the end of the Financial Year.
- Measures of Financial Sustainability: Provide an indication of our relative sustainability based on the prior year's performance. The nine sustainability indicators have been established by the Department of State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning to help monitor the long-term sustainability of all Councils across Queensland.



The Statement of Comprehensive Income (often referred to as the Profit and Loss Statement) shows the details of Council's operating and capital income and expenses for a specified reporting period. Income minus expenses result in either a profit or loss amount known as the net result.

A Summarised Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2024 is shown in the tables below.

Operating Income	\$ 71,325,119
Less: operating Expenses	\$ 142,410,754
Operating Position	(\$ 71,085,635)
Plus: Capital Income	\$ 29,215,320
Less: Capital Expenses	\$ 4,368,329
Net Result	\$ 46,238,643

Table 30: Statement of Comprehensive Income



Operating Income

Total operating revenue for the financial year was **\$71.33 million** and this revenue is derived from various sources. The significant majority of Council's revenue is Grants and Contributions that account for **45.02%** of total operating revenue. The following table and graph provide a breakdown of operating revenue categories and the relevant percentage of total revenue for the financial year.

\$1,661,595
\$5,439,538
\$25,192,420
\$32,112,697
\$1,041,836
\$1,197,411
\$4,679,623
\$ 71,325,119

Table 31: Operating Income

Operational Expenditure

Total operating expenses of **\$142.41 million** were incurred during the 2023/24 financial year. The largest portion of funds was spent on materials and services and totalled **\$52.05 million or 36.55%** of total operating expenditure. Materials and services expenditure typically includes but is not limited to, administration, project delivery, repairs and maintenance of Council's roads, drainage network, water and wastewater services, social housing and community buildings and various community services. Of the **\$52.05 million** of materials and services, **\$6.44 million** related to the restoration of assets damaged by natural disasters and **\$5.56 million** insurance of which **\$5.24 million** relates to the industrial special risks.

Total Operating Expenditure	\$142,410,754
Depreciation and amortisation	\$60,921,002
Finance costs	\$500,980
Materials and services	\$52,050,736
Employee benefits	\$28,938,036

Table 32: Operating Expenditure

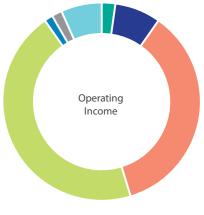


Figure 5: Operating Income

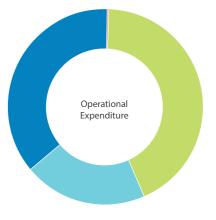


Figure 6: Operational Expenditure

Operating Result

Council's operating position reflects the organisation's ability to meet its everyday running costs from operating revenue. The net operating position is calculated by taking total operating expenses from total operating revenue and does not include revenue or expenditure amounts for capital projects.

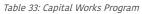


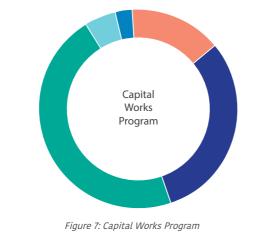
Capital Works Program

Council manages a very diverse range of infrastructure assets with a total value in excess of **\$1.12B**. These assets cover land, buildings, plant and equipment, and a network of roads, bridges, marine, drainage, waste, water, and sewerage assets. The Council is responsible for the construction, upgrade, and renewal of these assets through its capital works program.

Council's Capital Works Program for 2023-2024 totals **\$30.5M.** The Council will use a combination of Council-sourced funding and grants to fund this program. The following chart provides a breakdown of the proposed capital works by program for the 2023-2024 financial year by asset class.

Total Capital Expenditure	\$ 30,552,090
Other Capital Works	\$14,887,340
CBD's	\$8,201,610
Transport	\$5,634,080
Sewerage	\$363,360
Water	\$1,465,700





Statement of Financial Position

The Statement of Financial Position (formerly known as the Balance Sheet) provides a 'snapshot' of Council's assets and liabilities at a specified reporting date.

It measures what Council owns (assets) and what Council owes (liabilities). The difference between these two components represents the net wealth (equity) of Council and our community, referred to as Community Equity.

Assets (What Council owns)
Property, plant and equipment
Cash and cash equivalents
Lease Receivables
Receivables
Contract assets
Inventories
Right of use assets
Intangible Assets
Total Assets
Less: Liabilities (What Council owes)
Payables
Provisions
Contract liabilities
Lease liabilities
Total Liabilities
Net community assets – What Council is worth
Table 34: Statement of Financial Position









\$ 1.117,707,797
\$ 23,114,679
\$ 11,721,231
\$ 9,103,178
\$ 8,017,999
\$ 415,117
\$ 578,406
\$ 562,433
\$ 562,433 \$ 1,171,220,841
\$ 1,171,220,841
\$ 1,171,220,841 \$ 11,387,962
\$ 1,171,220,841 \$ 11,387,962 \$ 12,414,970
\$ 1,171,220,841 \$ 11,387,962 \$ 12,414,970 \$ 13,635,431





Statement of Changes in Equity

The equity in Council's operation, which is commonly referred to as Community Equity, is its net assets derived from the difference between total assets and total liabilities at the end of the financial year. The change in equity reflects the variance in Council's net assets between the start of the financial year (1 July) to the end of the financial year (30 June).

As of 30 June 2024, Total Community Equity was **\$1.13 billion** representing an increase of **\$44.07 million** from the start of the financial year. Community Equity comprises of the following components:

	2024	2023
Asset revaluation surplus	825,699,268	735,386,497
Retained surplus	307,461,964	353,700,607
Total Community Equity	\$1,133,161,232	\$1,089,087,104

Table 35: Statement of Changes in Equity

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows measures the inflow and outflow of cash during the reporting period. The statement is categorised into three groups:

- Net cash from operating activities: These are normal day-to-day functions of Council. This would include receipts such as rates, fees and charges, interest received on investments and payments of employee wages, materials and services.
- Net cash from investing activities: Including capital grants for the purchase and construction of property, plant and equipment and proceeds from the sale of assets.
- Net cash from financing activities: These are repayments of loans, as well as the inflows from new loans • drawn down in the year (if any).

Cash and cash equivalent beginning balances	\$36,254,265
Net cash from operating activities	(14,011,584)
Net cash from investing activities	\$1,437,226
Net cash from financing activities:	(634,947)
Cash and cash equivalent closing balances	\$23,044,959

Table 36: Statement of Cash Flows

Measures of Financial Sustainability

Financial sustainability measures indicate whether Council is operating in a financially sustainable manner. In accordance with section 178 of the Local Government Regulation 2012, and the new Financial Sustainability Framework effective for the financial year ending 30 June 2024, Councils are required to publish the relevant financial sustainability measures.

The target range for the financial ratios is set in accordance with Department of Housing, Local Government, Planning and Public Works, Financial Management (Sustainability) Guideline 2024 Version 1.

Туре	Ratio	Rationale	Benchmark	2023- 2024	5yr average	Within limits
Financial	Council Controlled Revenue Ratio	Capacity to generate revenue internally	Contextual	10%	10%	n/a
Capacity	Population Growth Ratio	Population growth / decline pressures on council	Contextual	0%	-1%	n/a
On curtin c	Operating Surplus Ratio *	Holistic overview of council operating performance	Contextual	-100%	-92%	n/a
Operating Performance	Operating Cash Ratio *	Cash operating performance (less depreciation and other non-cash items)	> 0%	-14%	-6%	No
Liquidity	Unrestricted Cash Expense Cover Ratio **	Unrestrained liquidity available to council	> 4 months	1	4	No
	Asset Sustainability Ratio *	Capital renewals program performance	> 90%	26%	27%	No
Asset Management	Asset Consumption Ratio *	Extent to which assets are being consumed	> 60%	47%	51%	No
	Asset Renewal Funding Ratio **	Asset replacement program performance	Commencing	2027/28		
Debt Servicing Capacity	Leverage Ratio *	Ability to pay existing debt	0 – 3 times	0	-0.01	No

Table 37: Measures of Financial Sustainability

* The target bands for this measure apply to the five-year average result

** The target bands for this measure apply only to the single year result



compliance checklist

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Background

This checklist is for Queensland Councils governed by the Local Government Act 2009 (LGA) and Local Government Regulation 2012 (LGR).

Re	quirement	Reference	Page
The	annual report must:		
•	Contain a list of all the beneficial enterprises that the local government conducted during the financial year	LGA s41	54
•	Contain a list of all the business activities that the local government cotnducted during the financial year	LGA s45(a)	55
•	Identify the business activities that are significant business activities	LGA s45(b)	54
•	State whether or not the competitive neutrality principle was applied to the significant business activities, and if the principle was not applied, the reason why it was not applied	LGA s45(c)	55
•	State whether any of the significant business activities were not conducted in the preceding financial year, i.e. whether there are any new significant business activities.	LGA s45(d)	54
The	annual report must state:		
•	The total of all remuneration packages that are payable (in the year to which the annual report relates) to the senior management of the local government		
•	If the local government has resolved to allow a councillor to appoint councillor advisors, for each councillor:		
	• The number of councillor advisors appointed by the councillor for the year; and	LGA s201(1)(a)&(c)	
	• The total remuneration payable to all councillor advisors appointed by the councillor for the year.		55
•	The senior management, of a local government, consists of the chief executive officer and all senior executive employees of the local government.		
•	The number of employees in senior management who are being paid each band of remuneration		
Eac	h band of remuneration is an increment of \$100,000.	LGA s201(1)(b)	
•	There is no requirement to disclose the exact salary of any employee in senior management separately in the annual report		
The	annual report must contain:		
•	The general-purpose financial statement for the financial year, audited by the auditor-general	LGR s183(a)	Appendix 1
•	The current-year financial sustainability statement for the financial year, audited by the auditor-general	LGR s183(b)	Appendix 1

•	The long-term financial sustainability statement for the financial year
•	The auditor-general's audit reports about the general-purpose financial stat and the current year financial sustainability statement
•	The community financial report for the financial year
•	A copy of the resolutions made during the financial year under s250(1) of th (adoption of an expenses reimbursement policy); and
•	A list of any resolutions made during the financial year under s206(2) of the (threshold for non-current physical asset to be treated as an expense)
In i	elation to councillors, the annual report must contain:
•	The total remuneration, including superannuation contributions, paid to eac councillor during the financial year
•	The expenses incurred by, and the facilities provided to, each councillor dur financial year under the local government's expenses reimbursement policy
٠	The number of local government meetings that each councillor attended du the financial year
•	The total number of the following during the financial year:
	a) orders made under section 1501(2) of the LGA
	b) orders made under section 150IA(2)(b) of the LGA
	c) orders made under section 150AH(1) of the LGA
	d) decisions, orders, and recommendations made under section 150AR(1) of
•	Each of the following during the financial year:
	a) the name of each councillor for whom a decision, order, or recommendati under section 1501(2), 1501A(2)(b), 150AH(1) or 150 AR(1) of the LGA was made
	b) a description of the unsuitable meeting conduct, inappropriate conduct o misconduct engaged in by each of the councillors
	c) a summary of the decision, order or recommendation made for each coun
For	councillors, the annual report must also contain the number of each of th
•	Complaints referred to the assessor under section 150P(2)(a) of the LGA by t local government, a councillor of the local government or the chief executiv officer of the local government
•	Matters, mentioned in section 150P(3) of the LGA, notified to the Crime and Corruption Commission
	Notices given under section 150R(2) of the LGA

	(-)	
financial statement	LGR s183(d)	Appendix 1
	LGR s184	57-64
r s250(1) of the LGR	LGR s185(a)	55
s206(2) of the LGR xpense)	LGR s185(b)	55
ns, paid to each	LGR s186(a)	48-49
councillor during the sement policy	LGR s186(b)	50-51
r attended during	LGR s186(c)	40-43
	LGR s186(d)	
	LGR s186(d)(i)	
	LGR s186(d)(ii)	52
	LGR s186(d)(iii)	
n 150AR(1) of the LGA	LGR s186(d)(iv)	
	LGR s186(e)	N/A
ecommendation LGA was made	LGR s186(e)(i)	
ate conduct or	LGR s186(e)(ii)	
for each councillor	LGR s186(e)(iii)	
of each of the following	g during the financial ye	ear:
f the LGA by the chief executive	LGR s186(1)(f)(i)	
		50

LGR s186(1)(f)(ii)

LGR s186(1)(f)(iii)

LGR s183(c)

Appendix 1

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Re	quirement	Reference	Page
•	Notices given under section 150S(2)(a) of the LGA	LGR s186(1)(f)(iv)	
•	Ocasions information was given under section 150AF(3)(a) of the LGA	LGR s186(1)(f)(v)	
	Occasions the local government asked another entity to investigate, under chapter 5A, part 3, division 5 of the LGA for the local government, the suspected conduct breach of a councillor	LGR s186(1)(f)(vi)	
	Applications heard by the conduct tribunal under chapter 5A, part 3, division 6 of the Act about whether a councillor engaged in misconduct or a conduct breach	LGR s186(1)(f)(vii)	
•	The total number of referral notices given to the local government under section 150AC(1) of the LGA during the financial year	LGR s186(1)(g)	
,	 For suspected conduct breaches the subject of a referral notice mentioned in paragraph (g) above The total number of suspected conduct breaches; and The total number of suspected conduct breaches for which an investigation was not started or was discontinued under section 150AEA of the LGA 	LGR s186(1)(h)	52
•	The number of decisions made by the local government under section 150AG(1) of the LGA during the financial year	LGR s186(1)(i)	
•	The number of matters not decided by the end of the financial year under section 150AG(1) of the LGA	LGR s186(1)(j)	
•	The average time taken by the local government in making a decision under section 150AG(1) of the LGA	LGR s186(1)(k)	
n I	relation to administrative action complaints, the annual report for a financial year m	ust contain:	
,	A statement about the local government's commitment to dealing fairly with administrative action complaints; and	LGR s187(1)(a)	
	A statement about how the local government has implemented its complaints management process, including an assessment of the local government's performance in resolving complaints under the process	LGR s187(1)(b)	
,	The number of the following during the financial year	LGR s187(2)(a)	
	a) administrative action complaints made to the local government;	LGR s187(2)(a)(i)	52
	b) administrative action complaints resolved by the local government under the complaints management process;	LGR s187(2)(a)(ii)	
	c) administrative action complaints not resolved by the local government under the complaints management process; and	LGR s187(2)(a)(iii)	
	The number of administrative action complaints not resolved by the local government under the complaints management process that were made in a previous financial year	LGR s187(2)(b)	

The annual report for a financial year must contain the following information about any overseas travel made by a councillor or local government employee in an official capacity during the financial year:					
•	For a councillor - the name of the councillor	LGR s188(1)(a)			
•	For a local government employee – that person's name and position held	LGR s188(1)(b)			
•	The destination of the overseas travel	LGR s188(1)(c)			
•	The purpose of the overseas travel	LGR s188(1)(d)	54		
•	The cost of the overseas travel	LGR s188(1)(e)			
•	The annual report may also contain any other information about the overseas travel the local government considers relevant.	LGR s188(2)			
The	annual report for a financial year must contain:				
•	A summary of the local government's expenditure for the financial year on grants to community organisations	LGR s189(1)	16-29		
•	The following information about the local government's discretionary funds	LGR s189(2)			
	a) The total amount budgeted for the financial year as the local government's discretionary funds;	LGR s189(2)(a)			
	b) The prescribed amount (0.1% of the local government's revenue from general rates for the previous financial year) for the local government for the financial year;	LGR s189(2)(b) LGR s201B(5)			
	c) The total amount of discretionary funds budgeted for the financial year for councillors to allocate for each of the following purposes:	LGR s189(2)(c)			
	i. capital works of the local government that are for a community purpose	LGR s189(2)(c)(i)			
	ii. other community purposes;	LGR s189(2)(c)(ii)			
	d) The amount of discretionary funds budgeted for use by each councillor for the financial year;	LGR s189(2)(d)	55		
	e) If a councillor allocates discretionary funds in the financial year:	LGR s189(2)(e)			
	i. the amount allocated; and	LGR s189(2)(e)(i)			
	ii. the date the amount was allocated; and	LGR s189(2)(e)(ii)			
	iii. the way mentioned in section 202(1) in which the amount was allocated; and	LGR s189(2)(e)(iii)			
	iv. if the amount was allocated to a person or organisation—the name of the person or organisation to whom the allocation was made; and	LGR s189(2)(e)(iv)			
	v. the purpose for which the amount was allocated, including sufficient details to identify how the funds were, or are to be, spent.	LGR s189(2)(e)(v)			







Requirement	Reference	Page
The annual report for a financial year must also contain the following information:		
• The chief executive officer's assessment of the local government's progress towards implementing its 5-year corporate plan and annual operational plan	LGR s190(1)(a)	12
• Particulars of other issues relevant to making an informed assessment of the local government's operations and performance in the financial year	LGR s190(1)(b)	32-37
• An annual operations report for each commercial business unit, which means a document that contains the following information for the previous financial year:	LGR s190(1)(c)	
 Information that allows an informed assessment of the unit's operations, including a comparison with the unit's annual performance plan 	LGR s190(2)(a)	
 Particulars of any changes made to the unit's annual performance plan for the previous financial year, including the impact the changes had on the unit's financial position, operating surplus or deficit and prospects 	LGR s190(2)(b)&(c)	55
• Particulars of any directions the local government gave the unit	LGR s190(2)(d)	
• Details of any action taken for, and expenditure on, a service, facility, or activity:	LGR s190(1)(d)	
• Supplied by another local government under an agreement for conducting a joint government activity	LGR s190(1)(d)(i)	55
• For which the local government levied special rates or charges for the financial year	LGR s190(1)(d)(ii)	
• The number of invitations to change tenders under section 228(8) of the LGR during the financial year	LGR s190(1)(e)	55
• A list of the registers kept by the local government	LGR s190(1)(f)	54
 A summary of all concessions for rates and charges granted by the local government 	LGR s190(1)(g)	55
• The report on the internal audit for the financial year	LGR s190(1)(h)	53
• A summary of investigation notices given in the financial year under S49 of the LGR for competitive neutrality complaints	LGR s190(1)(i)	55
• The local government's responses in the financial year on the QCA's recommendations on any competitive neutrality complaints under S52(3) of the LGR.	LGR s190(1)(j)	55

Table 38: Compliance Checklist



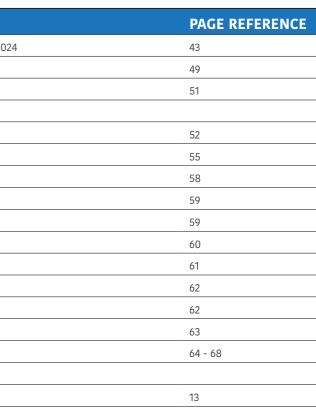


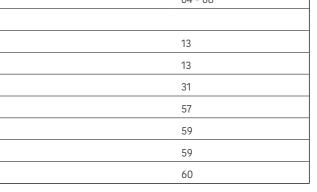
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Appendix A - Financial statements



Financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

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Torres Strait Island Regional Council Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2024



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Torres Strait Island Regional Council

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Income			
Revenue			
Recurrent revenue	e ()		
Community levies, rates and charges	3(a)	1,661,595	1,832,135
Fees and charges	3(b)	5,439,538	4,653,766
Sales revenue	3(c)	25,192,420	14,193,050
Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations	3(d)	32,112,697	37,291,208
Total recurrent revenue		64,406,250	57,970,159
Capital revenue			
Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations	3(d)	29,215,320	27,001,367
Total capital revenue		29,215,320	27,001,367
Interest received	4(a)	1,041,836	661,744
Other income	4(b)	1,197,411	2,537,583
Rental income	4(c)	4,679,623	4,764,401
Total income		100,540,440	92,935,255
Expenses			
Recurrent expenses			
Employee benefits	6	(28,938,036)	(26,970,757)
Materials and services	7	(52,050,736)	(39,846,668)
Finance costs	8	(500,980)	(489,365)
Depreciation and amortisation	11	(60.210.420)	(52 460 277)
Property, plant and equipment Right of use assets	14	(60,318,428) (602,574)	(53,460,277) (619,836)
Total recurrent expenses	14	(142,410,754)	(121,386,904)
Capital expenses	5	(4,368,329)	(15,455,071)
Total expenses		(146,779,083)	(136,841,975)
Net result		(46,238,643)	(43,906,720)
Other comprehensive income			
Increase in asset revaluation surplus	11	82,786,371	109,757,644
Total other comprehensive income for the year		82,786,371	109,757,644
Total comprehensive income for the year		36,547,728	65,850,924

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Statement of Financial Position For the year ended 30 June 2024

Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Short term deposit Receivables Inventories Contract assets Lease receivables Total current assets	
Non-current assets Lease receivables Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Right of use assets Total non-current assets	
Total assets	
Current liabilities Payables Provisions Contract liabilities Lease liabilities Total current liabilities	
Non-current liabilities Provisions Lease liabilities Total non-current liabilities	
Total liabilities	
Net community assets	
Community equity Asset revaluation surplus Retained surplus Total community equity	

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
9	23,044,959	36,254,265
	69,720	66,774
10	9,103,178	5,437,069
	415,117	411,754
13	8,017,999	5,319,290
14	500,482	534,849
	41,151,456	48,024,001
14	11,220,749	11,233,247
11	1,117,707,797	1,062,073,243
12	562,433	-
14	578,406	1,180,980
	1,130,069,385	1,074,487,470
	1,171,220,841	1,122,511,471
15	11,387,962	7,767,117
16	4,020,294	3,783,663
13	13,635,431	12,491,846
14	621,246	616,466
	29,664,933	24,659,092
16	9 204 676	8 144 020
14	8,394,676	8,144,029 621,246
14	8,394,676	8,765,275
	6,394,070	8,703,275
	38,059,609	33,424,367
	1,133,161,232	1,089,087,104
11	825,699,268	735,386,497
	307,461,964	353,700,607
	1,133,161,232	1,089,087,104

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Asset revaluation surplus	Retained surplus	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2023	735,386,497	353,700,607	1,089,087,104
Adjustment for assets found not on asset register	7,526,400	-	7,526,400
Restated Balance as at 1 July 2023	742,912,897	353,700,607	1,096,613,504
Net result	-	(46,238,643)	(46,238,643)
Increase in asset revaluation surplus	82,786,371	-	82,786,371
Total comprehensive income for the year	82,786,371	(46,238,643)	36,547,728
Balance as at 30 June 2024	825,699,268	307,461,964	1,133,161,232
Balance as at 1 July 2022	625,628,853	397,607,327	1,023,236,180
Net result	-	(43,906,720)	(43,906,720)
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Increase in asset revaluation surplus	109,757,644	-	109,757,644
Total comprehensive income for the year	109,757,644	(43,906,720)	65,850,924
Balance as at 30 June 2023	735,386,497	353,700,607	1,089,087,104

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers	34,198,434	29,010,724
Payments to suppliers and employees	(76,951,472)	(67,044,575)
	(42,753,038)	(38,033,851)
Interest received	1,003,496	627,415
Recurrent grants and contributions	27,737,958	38,037,950
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities 20	(14,011,584)	631,514
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(30,846,805)	(28,947,794)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	41,114	-
Proceeds from insurance claims	-	634,380
Finance lease receipts	534,849	399,599
Capital grants, subsidies, contributions and donations	31,708,068	30,921,936
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities	1,437,226	3,008,121
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of borrowings	-	-
Repayments made on leases (principal only)	(634,947)	(652,501)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	(634,947)	(652,501)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held	(13,209,306)	2,987,133
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	36,254,265	33,267,132
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year 9	23,044,959	36,254,265

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The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.





1 Information about the financial statements

1.A Basis of preparation

The Torres Strait Island Regional Council is constituted under the Queensland Local Government Act 2009 and is domiciled in Australia.

These general purpose financial statements are for the period 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 and have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 2009 and the Local Government Regulation 2012.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the revaluation of certain classes of property, plant and equipment. The Council uses the Australian dollar as its functional currency, its presentation currency and rounds to the nearest dollar

The income of local government and public authorities is exempt from income tax. However Council is subject to Fringe Benefits Tax and Goods and Services Tax ('GST'). The net amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) or payable to the ATO is shown as an asset or liability respectively

These financial statements comply with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB). Council is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes and these financial statements comply with Australian Accounting Standards and interpretations as applicable to not-for-profit entities.

Comparative information is prepared on the same basis as the prior financial year.

1.B Date of authorisation

The financial statements were authorised for issue on the date they were submitted to the Auditor-General for final signature. This is the date the management certificate is signed.

1.C New and revised Accounting Standards adopted during the year

Council has adopted all standards which became mandatorily effective for annual reporting periods beginning on 1 July 2023. The standards did not have a material impact on reported position, performance and cash flows of Council. The adoption of the revisions to AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements resulted in disclosure of material accounting policy information only rather than significant accounting policies. This means that accounting policy information is disclosed only if it relates to material transactions, other events or conditions and:

a) Council has changed accounting policy during the reporting period and this change resulted in a material change to the information in the financial statements.

b) Council chose (or was mandated to use) the accounting policy from one or more options permitted by Australian Accounting Standards. c) the accounting policy was developed in accordance with AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors in the absence of an

Australian Accounting Standard that specifically applies. d) the accounting policy relate to an area for which a Council is required to make significant judgements or assumptions in applying an accounting policy, and the Council discloses those judgements or assumptions in the financial statements.

e) the accounting required for them is complex and users of the entity's financial statements would otherwise not understand those material transactions, other events or conditions

1.D Standards issued by the AASB not yet effective

The AASB has issued Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which are not effective at 30 June 2024. These standards have not been adopted by Council and will be included in the financial statements on their effective date. Where the standard is expected to have a material impact for Council then further information has been provided in this note.

No standard issued by the AASB which is not yet effective is expected to have a material impact for Council.

1.E Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Council makes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements. These are based on the best information available to Council at the time, however due to the passage of time, these assumptions may change and therefore the recorded balances may not reflect the final outcomes. The significant judgements, estimates and assumptions relate to the following items and specific information is provided in the relevant note:

- · Revenue recognition Note 3 · Expected Credit Losses (ECL) - Note 10
- Valuation and depreciation of property, plant and equipment Note 11
- Finance Leases Note 13
- Provisions Note 15
- · Contingent liabilities Note 17

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

2 Analysis of results by function

(a) Components of Council functions

The activities relating to the Council's components reported in Note 2(b) are as follows :

Executive Services

The core functions of Executive Services include management of the Office of the Mayor and Office of the CEO, facilitation of Council and Committee meetings, executive administration and internal audit.

Health and Community Services

The objective of the Health and Community Services function is to develop, manage and deliver community and public health services that meet the needs of all sectors of the community. The core functions includes community services, housing services, environmental health services, health and wellbeing services and divisional administrative services.

Engineering Services

Engineering Services provides a high level of services in integrated infrastructure management which ensures environmental protection and meets community expectations. The outcomes achieved by Engineering Services are linked with Council's commitment to public health, transport, water and wastewater infrastructure. The core functions include water services, wastewater services, civil works services, and waste services.

Building Services

The objective of the Building Services function is to provide repairs and maintenance on social housing and new construction on behalf of the State and Federal Government.

Corporate Services

Corporate Services is responsible for the provision of Council-wide services. The core functions include legal services, governance, strategic (corporate) planning, human resources, WH&S, information technology services, corporate risk and insurance, media, engagement and advocacy, enterprise development and fuel and fleet.

Financial Services

Financial Services provides professional financial management and advisory services to Council. The core functions include financial accounting, management accounting, procurement and strategic asset management services.



Analysis of results by function (continued) 2

capital are attributed to the following functions: and between recurring defined b Income and expenses (q

Year ended 30 June 2024 Functions

						-					
	Recurrent	rrent	Capital	income	Recurrent	Capital	inter-function	expenses	from recurrent	result	
	Grants	Other	Grants				transactions		operations		
	¢	ф	¢	¢	s	¢	s	s	¢	¢	s
Executive Services	000'06			90,000	3,713,127		212,112	3,925,238	(3,623,127)	(3,835,238)	3,242,977
Health and Community Services	5,975,825	9,432,027	8,778,793	24,186,645	44,487,159		4,061,363	48,548,522	(29,079,307)	(24,361,876)	363,323,458
Engineering Services	9,574,482	5,982,243	17,756,514	33,313,240	57,749,431	(41,114)	1,013,546	58,721,863	(42,192,705)	(25,408,624)	641,030,469
Building Services		21,946,221	1,069,579	23,015,800	19,702,608		(1,561,879)	18,140,729	2,243,613	4,875,071	
Corporate Services	(13,116)	48,420	140,044	175,347	6,105,158		(95,778)	6,009,380	(6,069,855)	(5,834,033)	3,141,375
Financial Services	16,485,506	1,803,511	1,470,390	19,759,407	10,653,271	4,409,443	(3,629,363)	11,433,351	7,635,746	8,326,056	160,482,561
Total Council	32,112,697	39,212,422	29,215,320	100,540,439	142,410,754	4,368,329		146,779,083	(71,085,635)	(46,238,643)	1,171,220,841

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Year ended 30 June 2023											
Functions	Gro	ross program income	ame	Total	Gross program expenses	n expenses	Elimination of	Total	Net result	Net	Assets
	Recu	Recurrent	Capital	income	Recurrent	Capital	inter-function	expenses	from recurrent	result	
	Grants	Other	Grants				transactions		operations		
	¢	¢	¢	¢	Ф	Ф	¢	Ф	Ь	ь	ŝ
Executive Services	646,200			646,200	3,517,900		149,164	3,667,064	(2,871,700)	(3,020,864)	2,870,804
Health and Community Services	3,356,194	9,248,590	7,064,883	19,669,667	39,541,378		4,695,878	44,237,256	(26,936,594)	(24,567,589)	344,140,304
Engineering Services	7,109,130	6,174,896	16,743,656	30,027,681	51,301,432		186,240	51,487,672	(38,017,406)	(21,459,990)	613,177,902
Building Services		11,026,776	1,645,683	12,672,459	12,503,391		(441,046)	12,062,345	(1,476,615)	610,114	•
Corporate Services	80,000	166,609		246,609	5,061,000		(106,255)	4,954,745	(4,814,390)	(4,708,136)	3,361,731
Financial Services	26,099,684	2,025,807	1,547,146	29,672,636	9,461,804	15,455,070	(4,483,982)	20,432,892	18,663,686	9,239,744	158,960,729
Total Council	37 291 208	28.642.679	27 001 367	92 935 254	121 386 904	15 455 070		136 841 974	(55 453 018)	(43 906 721)	1 122 511 471

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Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

3 Revenue

(a) Community levies, rates and charges

Community levies, rates and annual charges are recognised as revenue when Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts which is the beginning of the rating period to which they relate. Prepaid rates are recognised as a financial liability until the beginning of the rating period.

Water charges commercial Sewerage charges commercial Garbage charges commercial Rates from 40 year leases

(b) Fees and charges

Council provides a range of goods and services to the community and other third parties for a fee. These fees are set in a fees and charges register adopted by Council at the annual budget meeting. Revenue arising from fees and charges is recognised when or as the performance obligation is completed and the customer receives the benefit of the goods or services being provided.

The performance obligation relates to the specific services which are provided to the customers and generally the payment terms are within 30 days of the provision of the service or in some cases, the customer is required to pay prior to or at the point of provision of the service. There is no material obligation for Council in relation to refunds or returns.

Airport landing fees Commercial property lease and licence fees Maritime fees Hire of Council buildings Other fees and charges

Timing of revenue recognition for fees and charges

Rever recogn over ti

Fees and charges

<u>2,76</u> 2,76



2024 \$	2023 \$
365,291	484,074
1,007,678	1,029,312
207,220	242,968
81,406	75,781
1,661,595	1,832,135

2024 \$	2023 \$
466,867	448,653
2,762,693	2,410,432
2,050,141	1,612,588
116,392	94,948
43,445	87,145
5,439,538	4,653,766

20	024	202	3
enue nised time	Revenue recognised at a point in time	Revenue recognised over time	Revenue recognised at a point in time
62,693	2,676,845	2,410,432	2,243,334
62,693	2,676,845	2,410,432	2,243,334



3 Revenue (continued)

(c) Sales revenue

Revenue from contract and recoverable works generally comprises a recoupment of material costs together with an hourly charge for the use of equipment and employees. Contract revenue from repairs and maintenance is recognised at the point in time when works are signed off as completed and only recorded as a contract asset once this performance obligation is met.

Contract revenue and associated costs in relation to upgrades, are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract and the total revenue budget. Where consideration is received for the service in advance it is included in contract liabilities and is recognised as revenue in the period when the service is performed.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Contract and recoverable works	21,834,745	11,002,144
Plant and equipment hire	128,591	112,637
Childcare services	106,675	113,085
Accommodation	1,067,710	954,705
Sale of fuel and gas	1,758,663	1,740,998
Sale of powercards	296,035	269,481
	25,192,420	14,193,050

Timing of revenue recognition for sales

	2	024	202	3
	Revenue recognised over time	Revenue recognised at a point in time	Revenue recognised over time	Revenue recognised at a point in time
Sales revenue	23,137,721	2,054,698	12,182,571	2,010,479
	23.137.721	2.054.698	12.182.571	2.010.479

(d) Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations

Grant income under AASB 15

Where grant income arises from an agreement which is enforceable and contains sufficiently specific performance obligations then the revenue is recognised when control of each performance obligation is satisfied.

The performance obligations vary in each agreement and can include items such as travel and positions for specific purposes. Payment terms vary depending on the terms of the grant. Cash is received upfront for some grants and on the achievement of certain payment milestones for others.

Each performance obligation is considered to ensure that the revenue recognition reflects the transfer of control. Within grant agreements there may be performance obligations where control transfers at a point in time and others where there is continuous transfer of control over the life of the contract. Where control is transferred over time, revenue is recognised using either costs or time incurred.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

3 Revenue (continued)

(d) Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations (continued)

Grant income under AASB 1058

Capital grants

Capital grants received to enable Council to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment to identified specifications which will be under Council's control and which are enforceable are recognised as revenue as and when the obligation to construct or purchase is completed. For construction projects, this is generally as the construction progresses in accordance with costs incurred since this is deemed to be the most appropriate measure of the completeness of the construction project as there is no profit margin.

Donations and contributions

When assets are donated or purchased for significantly below fair value, the revenue is recognised when the asset is acquired and controlled by the Council.

obligations.

Operating

General purpose grants State Government subsidies and grants Commonwealth Government subsidies and grants

In June 2023, Council received an amount of \$15,357,943 equating to 96% of the 2023-24 Commonwealth Financial Assistance Grant allocation. As these grants are considered untied grants, they were recognised upon receipt in the 2022-23 financial year. In the 2023-24 financial year, Council did not receive any such advance grant funding and as such, there is a decrease in Council's revenue.

Capita

Capital revenue includes grants and subsidies received which are tied to specific projects for the replacement or upgrade of existing non-current assets and/or investment in new assets. It also includes non-cash contributions which are usually infrastructure assets.

State Government subsidies and grants Commonwealth Government subsidies and grants Contributed assets



Assets arising from grants in the scope of AASB 1058 are recognised at the fair value when the assets are received. Council considers whether there are any related liability or equity items associated with the asset which are recognised in accordance with the relevant accounting standard. Once the assets and liabilities have been recognised then income is recognised for any remaining asset value at the time that the asset is received.

Donations and contributions are generally recognised on receipt of the assets since there are no performance

2024 \$	2023 \$
610,755	18,761,597
27,783,994	17,510,947
3,717,948	1,018,664
32.112.697	37.291.208

21,420,296	26,137,973
7,735,024	515,570
60,000	347,824
29,215,320	27,001,367



3 Revenue (continued)

Timing of revenue recognition for grants, subsidies, contributions and donations

	20	024	202	3
	Revenue recognised over time \$	Revenue recognised at a point in time \$	Revenue recognised over time \$	Revenue recognised at a point in time
Grants and subsidies Contributions	42,874,945	18,393,072 60,000	34,620,487	29,324,264 347,824
	42,874,945	18,453,072	34,620,487	29,672,088

4	Interest and other income	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
(a)	Interest income			
	Interest from financial institutions		1,041,836	661,744
			1 041 836	661 744

(b) Other income

Other income is recognised on receipt. Gains on the revaluation of finance leases and refuse restoration are non-cash adjustments.

Insurance claims received		119,348	19,701
Gain/(loss) on revaluation of finance leases	14	487,985	1,242,662
Commission income		527,282	521,155
Other revenue		62,796	334,440
Gain on refuse restoration	16	-	419,625
		1.197.411	2.537.583

(c) Rental income

Rental revenue from community housing is recognised as income periodically in advance each fortnight.

Residential property rental income	4,679,623	4,764,401
	4,679,623	4,764,401

Council currently holds a social welfare housing portfolio and these buildings are held to meet service delivery objectives, rather than to earn rental income or for capital appreciation purposes.

As the buildings held by Council do not meet the definition of investment property, these buildings are accounted for in accordance with AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

5 Capital expenses

Loss on disposal of non-current assets

Book value of property, plant and equipment disposed Add: Other costs of disposal Less: Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipr Less: Proceeds from insurance claims

Loss on disposal of registered Land Holding Act lease Book value of property, plant and equipment

6 Employee benefits

Staff wages and salaries Councillors' remuneration Annual, sick and long service leave entitlements Superannuation

Other employee related expenses

Less: Capitalised employee expenses

Councillor remuneration represents salary and other allowances paid in respect of carrying out their duties.

Total Council employees at the reporting date: Elected members Administration staff Total full time equivalent employees



	2023
4,409,443	8,114,489
- oment (41,114	467,700
	(634,380)
4,368,329	7,947,809
	7,507,262
-	7,507,262
4,368,329	15,455,071
21,044,991	19,811,486
1,143,867	1,076,907
4,096,589	
19 2,650,677	
28,936,123	
325,931	349,687
29,262,054	
(324,018	
28,938,036	26,970,757

2024 #	2023 #
16	16
318	325
334	341



Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

7	Materials and services	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
	Advertising and marketing		73,236	72,117
	Audit services		170,582	182,600
	Communications and IT		2,346,356	1,877,648
	Consultants		2,297,963	2,266,274
	Contractors		8,123,746	8,967,106
	Contracts - Infrastructure		6,700,206	1,540,360
	Donations paid		345,852	408,706
	Freight		1,350,159	1,296,309
	Insurance		5,691,262	5,039,377
	Legal fees		687,272	330,104
	Materials - carpentry, plumbing, electrical		1,061,843	502,807
	Motor vehicle expenses		2,581,133	2,747,600
	Other materials and services		1,922,486	1,725,288
	Power		1,535,783	1,233,027
	Powercards, fuel and gas for resale		2,239,728	2,216,711
	Rent paid		120,554	145,463
	Repairs and maintenance		6,914,018	4,578,565
	Repairs and maintenance - electrical		3,009,766	1,271,968
	Subscriptions and registrations		151,080	110,289
	Supplies and consumables		390,080	429,937
	Temporary staff costs		1,259,747	500,986
	Travel		3,177,112	2,583,653
	Less: Expenses capitalised		(99,228)	(180,226)
			52,050,736	39,846,668

* Total audit fees quoted by the Queensland Audit Office relating to the 2023-24 financial statements are \$186,089 (2022-23: \$182,600)

8 Finance costs

Losses on revaluation of finance leases and impairment of receivables are non-cash adjustments.

Bank charges		77,552	76,479
Impairment of receivables		246,623	382,417
Refuse restoration	16	158,324	-
Interest on leases	14	18,481	30,469
		500,980	489,365

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank Deposits at call Balance per Statement of Cash Flows

Less: Externally imposed restrictions on cash Unrestricted cash

Queensland Treasury Corporation.

Council's cash and cash equivalents are subject to a number of external restrictions that limit amounts available for discretionary or future use.

(i) Externally imposed expenditure restrictions at the reporting date relate to the following cash assets:

Unspent government grants and subsidies Total externally imposed restrictions on cash assets

(ii) Internal allocations of cash at the reporting date:

Funds set aside and held in reserves for DOGIT land Total internally allocated cash assets

In accordance with the Local Government Act 2009 and Local Government Regulation 2012, a separate trust bank account and separate accounting records are maintained for funds held on behalf of outside parties. Funds held in the trust account include those funds relating to island funeral funds, church funds and other community funds. The Council performs only a custodian role in respect of these monies and because the monies cannot be used for Council purposes, they are not considered revenue nor brought to account in the financial statements since Council has no control over the assets.

Trust funds held for outside parties

Monies collected or held on behalf of other entities yet to be paid out to or on behalf of those entities: Island funeral funds Church funds Other community funds

Some funds belonging to Council are held in the trust funds of third parties.

Funds held in trust by outside parties DFK Kidsons holding funds for the Major Infrastructure an

The Major Infrastructure and Other Program is jointly funded by the Australian and Queensland Governments to deliver and upgrade major infrastructure capital works in the Torres Strait. DFK Kidsons holds funds for multiple councils in regards to the Major Infrastructure and Other Program. The amount disclosed above relates to Torres Strait Island Regional Council's portion of the funds. Infrastructure assets are not recognised by the Council until they have reached completion.



Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
	13,673,942 9,371,017	25,256,423 10,997,842
	23,044,959	36,254,265
	13,929,357	17,366,644
	9.115.602	18,887,621

Council's cash at bank and term deposits are held with National Australia Bank on normal terms. The bank currently has a short term credit rating of A-1+ and long term rating of AA-. Deposits at call are held with the

13,929,357	17,366,644
13,929,357	17,366,644

3,421,487	2,806,548
3,421,487	2,806,548

209,630	235,574
10,177	9,910
54,469	53,037
274,276	298,521

nd Other Programs	23,878,720	28,324,917
	23,878,720	28,324,917



10 Receivables

Settlement of receivables is required within 30 days after the invoice is issued.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which approximates fair value at reporting date.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current	Ŷ	Ŷ
Receivable - Housing	12,988,154	13,003,266
Less impairment	(12,655,302)	(12,588,032)
Receivable - Rates	1,083,009	855,561
Less impairment	(315,701)	(325,833)
Receivable - Other	4,243,717	1,865,602
Less impairment	(243,153)	(204,505)
	5,100,724	2,606,059
Accrued revenue	3,513,135	2,255,586
Prepayments	348,545	362,121
GST receivable	140,774	213,303
	9,103,178	5,437,069

Council assesses credit risk before providing goods or services and applies normal business credit protection to minimise the risk.

Council does not require collateral in respect of trade and other receivables. Council does not have trade receivables for which no loss allowance is recognised because of collateral.

When Council has no reasonable expectation of recovering an amount owed by a debtor, and has ceased enforcement activity, the debt is written-off by directly reducing the receivable against the loss allowance. If the amount of debt written off exceeds the loss allowance, the excess is recognised as an impairment loss.

The exposure to credit risk for trade receivables by type of counterparty was as follows:

Housing charges	12,869,555	12,819,911
Government entities	2,808,311	1,191,290
Utility charges	1,083,009	855,561
Other	869,689	857,667
Total	17,630,564	15,724,429
Movement in accumulated impairment losses is as follows: Opening balance at 1 July Less: Debts written off during the year	13,118,370 (152,324)	13,107,214 (371,260)
Additional impairments recognised	810,753	494,154
Less: Impairments reversed	(562,644)	(111,738)
Closing balance at 30 June	13,214,155	13,118,370

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

10 Receivables (continued)

Expected credit loss assessment

Council uses an allowance matrix to measure the expected credit losses of trade receivables from individual customers, which comprise a very large number of small balances. Loss rates are calculated using a 'roll rate' method based on the probability of a receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency to writeoff.

Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience over the past ten years. These rates are multiplied by scalar factors to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Council's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

For housing receivables this rate ranges from 15% - 98% depending on the aging of the debt (2022/23: 16% -98%). In relation to other receivables, this rate ranges from 1% - 33% depending on the aging of the debt (2022/23: 1% - 32%).

2024		
Aging		

Closi balan 30 June \$



61+ days

2023

Aging

Housing Current 1-30 days 31-60 days 61+ days

11
5
4
12,76
12 98

Other debtors
Current
1-30 days
31-60 days
61+ days

1,546 5.326

2.785



136,131	16.0%	100%	21,781
80,203	97.0%	100%	77,797
64,094	97.0%	100%	62,172
12,722,837	97.7%	100%	12,426,282
13,003,266	=		12,588,032

Other debtors	
Current	
1-30 days	
31-60 days	
61+ days	

20 166 1,433



Closing balance June 2024 \$	Historical probability of default	Loss given default	Lifetime expected credit loss \$
118,109	15.00%	100%	17,716
59,034	96.00%	100%	56,673
49,072	96.00%	100%	47,109
2,761,939	98.21%	100%	12,533,804
2,988,155			12,655,302
2,785,757	0.29%	100%	8,100
958,276	4.52%	100%	43,274
36,540	12.75%	100%	4,658
1,546,152	32.52%	100%	502,822
5,326,726			558,854
	-		
Closing	Historical	Loss given	Lifetime

Closing	Historical	Loss given	Lifetime
balance	probability of	default	expected
30 June 2023	default		credit loss
\$			\$

8,094	1.0%	100%	8,784
3,349	7.0%	100%	14,258
6,100	27.7%	100%	45,998
3,620	32.2%	100%	461,298
21,163			530,338

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024 11 Property, plant and equipment council - 30 June 2024

Basis of measurement Assoc values Copining orders value as at 1 July 2023 Additions Capital contrubutions Capital contrubutions Capital contrubutions Additions Additions of the measurement Disposals Evaluation repetication provided in period Revaluation reprovided in period Revaluation reproved and the revaluation Reprediction and the period Revaluation reprovided in period Revaluation reprovided revaluation reprovided in period Revaluation reprovided reprov

										I					I	
Work in progress	Cost	s	25,513,776	30,552,089	60,000	(22,917,190)				33,208,675						
Plant and equipment	Oost	s	10,143,261		•	469,733	(662,686)	•	69,880	10,020,188		6,781,530	613,197		(516,982)	1,149
Land	Fair Value	ş	2,870,804				,	372,173		3,242,977						
Waste	Fair Value	s	3,811,217			•		381,122		4,192,339		2,301,364	135,403	243,677		•
Marine Infrastructure	Fair Value	s	59,117,987			•		4,788,557		63,906,544		25,982,311	1,319,518	2,139,407		
Wastewater	Fair Value	s	332,101,469			105,531	(12,430)	23,246,233		355,440,803		152,603,836	8,785,516	11,296,385	(12,430)	•
Water	Fair Value	s	310,060,362		•	9,383,297	(4,667,318)	21,372,088		336, 148, 429		162,292,944	9,217,008	11,764,577	(3,408,404)	
Flood mitigation network	Fair Value	s	60,600,453			4,019,699	(2,544,509)	3,947,804		66,023,447		13,768,787	1,641,021	926,785	(1,780,622)	
Stormwater drainage network	Fair Value	s	17,297,444			•		1,401,093		18,698,537		7,387,957	345,949	626,446		
Transport network	Fair Value	Ş	344,335,804		•	29,163		27,891,200		372,256,167		149,809,634	5,655,935	12,592,711		•
Recreational facilities	Fair Value	s	37,874,619			525,119	(162,178)	3,777,244		42,008,804		24,628,258	1,276,669	2,587,885	(26,080)	•
Buildings (Churches)	Fair Value	s	23,265,300					2,326,530		25,591,830		15,738,900	619,085	1,635,798		
Buildings (Corporate)	Fair Value	ş	153, 167, 895			676,353	(566,904)	15,253,111	(69,880)	168,460,576		93,405,531	5,476,839	9,840,164	(479,577)	(1,149)
Buildings (Communities)	Fair Value	s	768,771,551			7,145,858	(6,410,883)	76,236,067		845,742,593		424,631,246	25,232,289	44,547,016	(4,393,370)	
								plus			-			plus		

0,552,089 60,000 (562,436) 5,026,908 0,987,222

1,079,332,300	60,318,428	98,200,851	(10,617,465		1,227,234,113	1,117,707,797		s	15,441,068	6,913,686	22,354,754	742,912,897	82,786,371	825,699,268
	•	•	•	•		33,208,675	WIP: Not Depreciated	s				•	•	•
000'10/0	613,197		(516,982)	1,149	6,878,895	3,141,292	1-25	s		469,733	469,733			
		•	•			3,242,977	Land: Not Depreciated	s				428,670	372,173	800,843
2,301,364	135,403	243,677	•		2,680,444	1,511,894	15 - 25	s				678,349	137,445	815,794
25,982,311	1,319,518	2,139,407			29,441,235	34,465,308	10 - 50	s				21,143,671	2,649,150	23,792,821
152,603,836	8,785,516	11,296,385	(12,430)		172,673,307	182,767,497	5 - 100	s	105,531		105,531	133,221,614	11,949,848	145,171,462
162,292,944	9,217,008	11,764,577	(3,408,404)		179,866,124	156,282,304	3 - 60	s	9,383,297		9,383,297	96,904,856	9,607,511	106,512,368
13,768,787	1,641,021	926,785	(1,780,622)		14,555,970	51,467,476	10 - 50	s	101,724	3,917,975	4,019,699	9,308,512	3,021,020	12,329,532
7,387,957	345,949	626,446			8,360,352	10,338,184	47 - 53	s				5,323,450	774,647	6,098,097
149,809,634	5,655,935	12,592,711			168,058,281	204,197,887	10 - 100	s		29,163	29,163	161,973,945	15,298,489	177,272,434
24,628,258	1,276,669	2,587,885	(26,080)		28,466,731	13,542,073	5 - 50	s	299,317	225,802	525,119	10,845,848	1,183,359	12.029.207
15,738,900	619,085	1,635,798			17,993,783	7,598,048	15 - 50	ŝ				7,526,400	690,732	8,217,132
93,405,531	5,476,839	9,840,164	(479,577)	(1,149)	108,241,809	60,218,768	10 - 50	s		676,353	676,353	41,159,309	5,412,947	46,572,256
424,631,246	25,232,289	44,547,016	(4,393,370)		490,017,181	355,725,412	15 -50	s	5,551,198	1,594,659	7,145,858	254,398,273	31,689,050	286,087,323

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024 11 Property, plant and equipment (continued) Council - 30 June 2023

drainage network

ransport network

facilities

Buildings (Communities)

Fair Value \$ 682,225,378

Bash of measurement Asset values Asset values Additions Additions Additions Additions Additions Additions Assets capitale of from work in progress Assets capitale of the profession Accumulated depreciation as at 30 June 2023 Accumulated depreciation as at 30 June 2023 Accumulated useful (if in yoars Range of estimated useful (if in yoars

	WIP: Not Depreciated	1 - 25	Land: Not Depreciated	15 - 25	10 - 50	5 - 100	3 - 60	10 - 50	47 - 53	10 - 100	2 - 50	15 - 50	10 - 50	15 -50
1,062,073,243	25,513,776	3,361,730	2,870,805	1,509,853	33,135,676	179,497,634	147,767,417	46,831,666	9,909,486	194,526,170	13,246,360		59,762,364	344, 140, 305
1,063,593,400		6,781,530		2,301,364	25,982,311	152,603,836	162,292,944	13,768,787	7,387,957	149,809,634	24,628,258		93,405,531	424,631,246
(28,495,011)		(1,063,799)			(761,325)	(6,739,915)	(7,962,873)		(95,712)	(1,123,388)	(502,834)		(652,391)	(9,592,775)
889,401	•	•		•	889,401	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
121,478,205				300,178	1,965,804	16,664,309	17,757,908	1,604,895	578,778	11,732,286	3,212,322	•	12,181,446	55,480,278
53,460,277		541,112		117,742	1,226,955	7,951,884	7,974,496	1,261,711	313,394	5,433,926	1,171,994	•	4,851,620	22,615,444
916,260,528		7,304,217		1,883,444	22,661,476	134,727,558	144,523,414	10,902,180	6,591,497	133,766,810	20,746,776		77,024,856	356,128,300
2,125,666,643	25,513,776	10,143,261	2,870,804	3,811,217	59,117,987	332,101,469	310,060,362	60,600,453	17,297,444	344,335,804	37,874,619		153,167,895	768,771,551
232, 125,249			247,252	497,115	4,631,363	34,988,543	32,963,586	5,514,100	1,310,385	26,588,147	4,929,329		19,921,752	100,533,677
(44,116,762)		(1,128,724)	•	•	(804,356)	(8,692,058)	(9,653,792)		(100,749)	(1,292,722)	(848,605)	•	(1,046,553)	(20,549,203)
		topotot							001010	o timorio	200'100		01112001	000'100'0



4



Fair Value \$ 2,623,552

5,836,352 1,157,719	725,347 434,460	6,561,699 1,592,179		209,344,874 33,419,003	45,053,399 7,740,306	•	254,398,273 41,159,309	
Renewals	Other additions	Total additions	Assaf ravajuațion surojus	Opening balance as at 1 July 2022	Movements - Revaluation	Movements - Impairments	Closing balance as at 30 June 2023	

17,614,595	44,751,299	62,365,894	
82,870	1,863,523	1,946,393	
359,951		359,951	
4,748,014	12,776,999	17,525,013	
3,998,693	9,110,002	13,108,695	
	14,241,171	14,241,171	
	570,768	570,768	
636,475	4,945,934	5,582,409	
794,521	83,095	877,616	
1,157,719	434,460	1,592,179	
5,836,352	725,347	6,561,699	

735,386,497			428,670	678,349	21,143,671	133,221,614	96,904,856	9,308,512	5,323,450	161,973,945	10,845,848	41,159,309	254,398,273
(889,401)	-	-	-	-	(889,401)	-			-	-	-		
110,647,045			247,252	196,937	2,665,559	18,324,234	15,205,678	3,909,204	731,607	14,855,860	1,717,007	7,740,306	45,053,399
625,628,852			181,417	481,411	19,367,513	114,897,380	81,699,178	5,399,308	4,591,843	147,118,085	9,128,841	33,419,003	209,344,874







11 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(a) Recognition

Each class of property, plant and equipment is stated at cost or fair value, less where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Items of plant and equipment, infrastructure assets and buildings with a total value of less than \$10,000 are treated as an expense in the year of acquisition. All other items of property, plant and equipment are capitalised.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council does not control any land under roads. Land under the road network within the Council area that has been dedicated and opened for public use under the Land Act 1994 or the Land Title Act 1994 is not controlled by Council but is controlled by the State pursuant to the relevant legislation. This land is not recognised in these financial statements.

The Council is located on land assigned to it under various Deeds of Grant in Trust (DOGIT) held under the Torres Strait Islander Land Act 1991 (Qld) (TSILA), Aboriginal Land Act 1991 (Qld) and the Land Act 1994 (Qld). The land comprises an area of approximately 483.6 square kilometres, across the following Islands:

- Boigu Island
- Dauan Island
- Frub Island
- Hammond Island
- Iama Island
- Moa Island (comprising two DOGITs of St Paul's and Kubin communities)
- Mabuiag Island
- Poruma Island
- Saibai Island
- Ugar Island
- Warraber Island
- Masig Island

The land is administered by the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy and the Council has restricted use of this land for the benefit of islander inhabitants. The DOGIT land has not been taken up in Council's asset register as it cannot be reliably measured.

The reserve land for Mer Island was managed by the Department of Communities, Child Safety and Disabilities Services until 14 December 2012. On 14 December 2012 Mer Gedkem Le (Torres Strait Islanders) Corporation RNTBC became the trustee of Torres Strait Islander land under the TSILA in communal freehold of Mer Island. The Corporation is trustee for the Native Title Holders.

The DOGIT land for Badu Island was administered by Council in the capacity as trustee until 1 February 2014. On 1 February 2014, Mura Badulgal (Torres Strait Islanders) Corporation RNTBC became the trustee of Torres Strait Islander land under the TSILA in communal freehold of Badu Island. The Corporation is trustee for the Native Title Holders.

Essential service buildings and infrastructure on Badu Island and Mer Island are leased by Council for the terms of 5 years, 30 years and 99 years at agreed values.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

11 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(a) Recognition (continued)

The relevant leased assets are still reported as assets of the Council; land is not reported. Nominal rental is paid for the majority of essential service buildings. These buildings have not been classified as leases, as prior to change in land agreements the assets were originally constructed by Council. No lease liability has been recognised in the financial statements as the three leases on Badu expired (PY \$87,346). Of the expired leases, two are in negotiation and one will not be renewed.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the respective leases, it is intended that the Council continue to maintain these assets for the benefit of the community, as Council possesses the necessary skills and knowledge to best utilise these assets.

(b) Measurement

Property, plant and equipment assets are initially recorded at cost. Subsequently, each class of property, plant and equipment is stated at fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

(c) Depreciation

Land is not depreciated as it has an unlimited useful life. Depreciation on other property, plant and equipment assets is calculated on a straight-line basis so as to write-off the net cost or revalued amount of each depreciable asset, progressively over its estimated useful life to the Council. Management believe that the straight-line basis appropriately reflects the pattern of consumption of all Council assets.

Assets are depreciated from the date of acquisition or, in respect of internally constructed assets, from the time an asset is completed and commissioned ready for use.

Where assets have separately identifiable components that are subject to regular replacement, these components are assigned useful lives distinct from the asset to which they relate. Any expenditure that increases the originally assessed capacity or service potential of an asset is capitalised and the new depreciable amount is depreciated over the remaining useful life of the asset to the Council.

Major spares purchased specifically for particular assets that are above the asset recognition threshold are capitalised and depreciated on the same basis as the asset to which they relate.

Depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted where necessary to reflect any changes in the pattern of consumption, physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence, or management intentions. The condition assessments performed as part of the 5 yearly full valuation process for assets measured at written down current replacement cost are used to estimate the useful lives of these assets at each reporting date. Details of the range of estimated useful lives for each class of asset are shown in the tables earlier in this note.

(d) Impairment

Property, plant and equipment held at cost is assessed for indicators of impairment annually. If an indicator of possible impairment exists, the Council determines the asset's recoverable amount. Any amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount is recorded as an impairment loss.





11 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(e) Valuation

(i) Valuation processes

Council measures and recognises assets in all asset classes relating to property, plant and equipment, other than plant and equipment and WIP, at fair value on a recurring basis.

All asset classes carried at fair value were last comprehensively valued as at 30 June 2020.

Non-current physical assets measured at fair value are revalued, where required, so that the carrying amount of each class of assets does not materially differ from its fair value at the reporting date. This is achieved by engaging independent, professionally qualified valuers to determine the fair value for each class of property, plant and equipment assets at least once every 5 years. This process involves the valuer physically sighting a representative sample of Council assets across all asset classes and making their own assessments of the condition of the assets at the date of inspection.

In the intervening years, Council engages independent, professionally qualified valuers to perform a "desktop" valuation. A desktop valuation involves management providing updated information to the valuer regarding additions, disposals and changes in methodology such as useful life and condition rating. The valuer then determines suitable indices which are applied to each of these asset classes. These indices are then reviewed by Asset Class Managers and Executives to ensure accuracy of these indices for Council.

Council's property, plant and equipment valuation policies and procedures are reviewed annually taking into consideration an analysis of movements in fair value and other relevant information. Management prepares a report for the Audit Committee's review and endorsement.

In accordance with AASB 13, fair value measurements are categorised on the following basis:

- Fair value based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets (level 1)
- Fair value based on inputs that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset (level 2)
- Fair value based on unobservable inputs for the asset (level 3)

All of Council's property, plant and equipment measured at fair value at reporting date is categorised at level 2 or 3. Council does not have any assets measured at fair value which meet the criteria for categorisation as level 1. There were no transfers between levels during the year.

The fair values of the assets are determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable data, where it is available, and minimise the use of entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an asset are observable, the asset is included in level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the asset is included in level 3. This is the case for Council infrastructure assets, which are of a specialist nature for which there is no active market for similar or identical assets. These assets are valued using a combination of observable and unobservable inputs.

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Level 3



Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024 11 Property, plant and equipment (continued) (e) Valuation (continued) (ii) Valuation techniques used to derive fair values (continue Asset class and fairvalue Value Valuation FV hi

	approact		Valuation uate			
Transport network	Current replacement cost	Level 3	30/06/2020	Jones Lang Lasaile	Current replacement cost Unit rates developed based on in-house project costs, sub-contractor and head contractor project costs and benchmarked against cost estimate publications. Locality adjustments are also applied Accumulated depreciation Segmentation - high level, between hitersections Componentation - high level, between hitersections Componentation - formation pavement, seal and kenb and channel Tod useful file estimates, condition assessments, emaining useful life estimates.	Desktop valuation performed as at 30 June 2024 resulted in a 8% index, which when applied increased fair value by \$15,298,489
Stormwater drainage network	Current replacement cost	Level 3	30/06/2020	Jones Lang Lasalle	Current replacement cost Unit rates - developed based cost estimate publications including Rawlinsons Construction Cost Guide and Cordel Cost Guide. Locality adjustments are also applied. Accumulated depreciation Total useful life estimates, condition assessments, remaining useful life estimates.	Desktop valuation performed as at 30 June 2024 resulted in a 8% index, which when applied increased fair value by \$774,647
Flood mitigation network	Current replacement cost	Level 3	30/06/2020	Jones Lang Lasalle	Current replacement cost Unit rates - developed based cost estimate publications including Rawlinsons Construction Cost Guide and Cordel Cost Guide. Locality adjustments are also applied. Accumulated depreciation Total useful file estimates, condition assessments, remaining useful file estimates.	Desktop valuation performed as at 30 June 2024 resulted in a 7% index, which when applied increased fair value by \$5,021,020
Water	Current replacement cost	Level 3	30/06/2020	Jones Lang Lasale	Current replacement cost Droject costs and benchmarked against costs project costs, sub-contractor and head contractor applied. The set of the performance against cost estimate publications. Locality adjustments are also applied. The set of the performance against cost estimate publications. Locality adjustments are also presented in a 7% index, which applied. Commanded depresented in a 7% index, which applied are also relation, mechanical and dvi. Componentiation electrical, mechanical and dvi. Total useful file estimates, controllon assessments, emaining useful life estimates.	Desktop valuation performed as at 30 Une 2024 resulted in a 7% index, which when applied increased fair value by \$9,607,511

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024 11 Property, plant and equipment (continued) (e) Valuation (continued) (ii) Valuation techniques used to derive fair values (continue Asset class and fair value Valuation FV his

Current replacement cost Unit rates - developed based on in-house project costs, sub-contractor and head contractor besitop valuation performed as at 30 project costs and benchmarked against cost estimate publications. Locality adjustments are also June 2024 resulted in a 8% index, which applied. Current replacement cost Unit rates - developed based on in-house project costs, sub-contractor and head contractor project costs and benchmarked against cost estimate publications. Locality adjustments are also project costs and benchmarked against cost estimate publications. Locality adjustments are also project costs and benchmarked against cost estimate publications. Locality adjustments are also project costs and benchmarked against cost estimate publications. Locality adjustments are also applied. Current year fair value asse emaining useful life estimates Key assumptions and esti Accumulated depreciation Componentisation - electrical, mechanical and civil. Total useful life estimates, condition assessments, r Jones Lang Lasalle Jones Lang Lasalle 30/06/2020 30/06/2020 Level 3 Level 3 Current eplaceme burrent

Accumulated depreciation Fotal useful life estimates,

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Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

12 Intangible assets

		Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
	Software			
	Opening gross carrying value		1,457,686	1,457,686
	Additions		562,433	-
	Disposals		(1,457,686)	-
			562,433	1,457,686
	Accumulated amortisation			
	Opening balance		1,457,686	1,457,686
	Amortisation in the period		-	-
	Amortisation on disposals		(1,457,686)	-
			-	1,457,686
	Net carrying value		562,433	-
13	Contract balances			
		Note	2024	2023
			\$	\$
	Contract assets			
	Contracts with customers		2,048,937	563,737
	Contracts to construct Council owned assets		5,969,061	4,755,553
			8,017,999	5,319,290
	Contract liabilities			
	Funds received upfront to construct Council controlled assets		12,998,451	8,369,041
	Non-capital performance obligations not yet satisfied		636,980	4,122,806
			13,635,431	12,491,846
	Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance	e at the beginning o	of the year:	
	Funds to construct Council controlled assets	5 5	3,044,463	7,529,654

Satisfaction of contract liabilities

Non-capital performance obligations (including deposits received in advance)

The contract liabilities in relation to capital grants relate to funding received prior to the work being performed since revenue is recognised as Council constructs the assets. Council expects to recognise the contract liability as income in the next year.

3,326,947

6,371,410

3,401,507

10,931,160

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

14 Leases

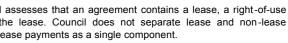
	Council as a lessee Council has leases in place over buildings. Where Council a asset and lease liability is recognised on inception of the components for any class of assets and has accounted for least
	The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model an and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment
	Exceptions to lease accounting: Council has applied the exceptions to lease accounting for b equal to 12 months) and leases of low-value assets. Council expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
	Terms and conditions of leases: <i>Buildings</i> Council leases one building used for offices. This lease prexpiration date 30 June 2025. Negotiations are underway for
14	Leases
	Right of use assets

Right of use ussets
Balance at 1 July Depreciation charge
Closing balance
Lease liabilities
Balance at 1 July

Lease payments Interest expense Closing balance

The table below shows the maturity analysis of the lease liabilities based on contractual cashflows and therefore the amounts will not be the same as the recognised lease liability in the statement of financial position.

2024	< 1 year	1-5 years	> 5 years	Total	Total per statement of financial
					position
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	627,800	-	-	627,800	621,246
					Total per
2023	< 1 year	1-5 years	> 5 years	Total	statement of financial
	\$	\$	\$	\$	position \$
Buildings	616,466	627,800	-	1,244,267	1,237,712



and is depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis ment of asset accounting policy.

both short-term leases (i.e. leases with a term of less than or il recognises the payments associated with these leases as an

period is three years with no options to renew at the lease r the current lease and 2 leases that expired during the year.

Note	2024	2023
	\$	\$
	1,180,980	1,800,817
	(602,574)	(619,836)
	578,406	1,180,980
	1,237,712	1,859,743
	(634,947)	(652,500)
	18,481	30,469
_	621,245	1,237,712
	18,481 621,245	,



Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

14 Leases (continued)

Amounts included in the statement of comprehensive income related to leases

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Interest on lease liabilities		18,481	30,469
Amortisation of right of use assets		602,574	619,836
Expenses relating to short-term leases		27,375	26,998
		648,430	677,303
Total cash outflows for leases		662,322	679,498

Leases at significantly below market value - Concessionary/peppercorn leases

Council has a number of leases at significantly below market value for land.

The leases are on 99 year arrangements and require the payment of \$1 per annum. The use of the right of use asset is restricted by the lessors to specified community uses which Council must provide.

Council does not believe that any of the leases in place are individually material.

Council as a lessor

• 51 dwellings located on Moa Island (Kubin)

21 vacant sites on Kirirri Island
25 vacant sites on Moa Island (St Pauls)

6 vacant sites on lama Island

• 2 vacant sites on Ugar Island

• 6 dwellings and 3 vacant site on Saibai Island

6 dwellings and 4 vacant sites on Boigu Island

Council has leased the following dwellings and vacant sites as lessor to the Queensland Government for 40 years:

- 5 vacant sites on Poruma Island
 - 10 vacant sites on Masig Island
 - 8 vacant sites on Warraber Island
 - 7 vacant sites on Erub Island
 - 7 vacant sites on Mabuiag Island
 - 3 vacant sites on Dauan Island

The total lease payment per dwelling in the current year was \$2,903 (2022/23: \$2,807). These lease payments are required to be adjusted each year by the change in the Consumer Price Index (All Groups). As the gross lease payments are insufficient to cover the fair value (current replacement cost) of the leased properties, there is no interest rate implicit in the leases and therefore no finance income will arise from the leases. Consequently, the leases are recognised at the present value of the expected future lease payments receivable (fair value). Gains or losses on revaluation of finance lease assets are recognised as other income annually.

The Queensland Government has the right to surrender any part of the lease at any time by giving Council three months' written notice. Per the lease agreement any improvements to the property transfer to Council when the lease terminates. No leases were surrendered between 1 July 2023 and 30 June 2024 (2022/23; nil).

Current		
Lease receivable	500,482	534,849
	500,482	534,849
Non-current		
Lease receivable	11,220,749	11,233,247
	11,220,749	11,233,247

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

14 Leases (continued)

A reconciliation between the gross investment in the lease and the
Gross minimum lease payments receivable:
Not later than one year
Later than one year but not later than five years
Later than five years

Add: Estimated contingent rent Less: Present value adjustment Fair value of lease payments

The fair value of lease payments is receivable as follows: Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years Later than five years

Movements in finance leases were as follows: Opening balance Less: Lease receipts Add/less: Gain/(loss) on revaluation Closing balance

The calculation of fair value has included an estimate of average annual CPI increases of 2.5% (2022-23: 2.5%) and a discount rate of 4.64% (2022/23: 4.56%).

15 Payables

Trade creditors are recognised as a liability at the time the amount owed can be measured reliably and when it is probable the amount will have to be paid, when the goods are received or the service is performed. Amounts are unsecured and normally settled within 30 days.

Current

Creditors Accrued wages and salaries Refundable bonds Accrued expenses Retention Revenue in advance



	\$	\$			
e fair value of lease payments is as follows:					
	500,482	534,849			
	2.001.927	1.935.771			

2024

Note

	2,001,927	1,935,771
	13,317,272	13,361,458
	15,819,680	15,832,078
	7,899,894	8,212,629
	(11,998,342)	(12,276,611)
	11,721,232	11,768,095
	500,482	534,849
	1,901,465	1,842,287
	9,319,285	9,390,961
	11,721,232	11,768,095
	11,768,095	10,925,032
	(534,849)	(399,599)
4(b)	487,985	1,242,662
	11,721,231	11,768,095

2024 \$	2023 \$
4,602,286	1,491,923
454,109	1,181,542
2,000	2,000
5,874,746	4,956,448
436,552	119,904
18,269	15,300
11,387,962	7,767,117





16 Provisions

Long service leave

The provision for long service leave represents the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. The liability is calculated using current pay rates and projected future increases in those rates and includes related employee on-costs. The estimates are adjusted for the probability of the employee remaining in the council's employment or other associated employment which would result in the Council being required to meet the liability. Adjustments are then made to allow for the proportion of the benefit earned to date, and the result is discounted to present value. The provision is discounted using the Commonwealth Bond yield rates.

Landfill restoration and rehabilitation

A provision is made for the cost of rehabilitation of assets and other future restoration costs where it is probable Council will be liable, or required, to incur costs on the cessation of use of these facilities. The provision represents the present value of the anticipated future costs associated with the closure and aftercare management of landfill sites.

The calculation of this provision requires assumptions such as site closure dates, available technologies and engineering cost estimates. These uncertainties may result in future actual expenditure differing from amounts currently provided. Because of the long-term nature of the liability, the most significant uncertainty in estimating the provision is the costs that will be incurred. Council periodically obtain external advice from subject matter specialists on the future costs associated with landfill rehabilitation and aftercare management. In the intervening years the provision recognised for landfill sites is reviewed updated based on the facts and circumstances available at the time. Council expects to next receive an external review during the 2025 financial year.

Management estimates that the 15 sites will close between 2026 and 2036. This has resulted in a current liability of nil. Council is however reliant on the receipt of external funding to perform rehabilitation works and the availability of funding in future years may impact the timing of rehabilitation works.

As landfill sites are on state reserves / DOGIT land which the Council does not control, the provision for restoration is treated as an expense in the year the provision is first recognised. Changes in the provision are treated as an expense or income

	Current		Non-Current	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Current				
Annual leave	2,655,576	2,416,579	-	-
Long service leave	1,364,718	1,367,084	549,254	456,927
Provision for landfill restoration			7,845,422	7,687,102
	4,020,294	3,783,663	8,394,676	8,144,029
			2024	2023
			\$	\$
Landfill restoration				
Balance at beginning of financial year			7,687,102	8,106,726
Increase due to unwinding of discount			310,866	207,941
Change due to reassessment in closure dates			-	(951,393)
Increase/(decrease) due to change in discount rate	and price		(152,542)	323,828
Balance at end of financial year		-	7,845,425	7,687,102
		=		

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

17 Commitments for expenditure

Contractual commitments Contractual commitments at the end of the financial year but not recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

Consultancy

Other Disaster recovery works (DRFA/REPA) Contractors Recoverable work contractors Freight Contract employees

Capital Commitments

Commitment for the construction of the following assets contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities: Capital assets Buildings Water and wastewate Seawalls Other

18 Contingent liabilities and assets

Details and estimates of the maximum amounts of contingent liabilities and assets are as follows:

Contingent Liabilities Local Government Mutual

The Council is a member of the local government mutual liability self-insurance pool, LGM Queensland. In the event of the pool being wound up or it is unable to meet its debts as they fall due, the trust deed and rules provide that any accumulated deficit will be met by the individual pool members in the same proportion as their contribution is to the total pool contributions in respect to any year that a deficit arises.

As at 30 June 2024 the financial statements reported an accumulated surplus and it is not anticipated any liability will arise.

Local Government Workcare

The Council is a member of the Queensland local government worker's compensation self-insurance scheme, Local Government Workcare. Under this scheme the Council has provided an indemnity towards a bank guarantee to cover bad debts which may remain should the self insurance licence be cancelled and there were insufficient funds available to cover outstanding liabilities. Only the Queensland Government's workers compensation authority may call on any part of the guarantee should the above circumstances arise. The Council's maximum exposure to the bank guarantee is \$465,989.11.

2024 2023 \$ \$

809,647	766,605
623,971	1,267,488
-	1,005,652
405,670	1,493,468
6,785,030	6,217,605
262,333	396,025
67,136	9,710
8,953,786	11,156,553

4,560,847	2,494,501
-	1,112,435
912,205	915,628
853,314	1,117,743
6,326,367	5,640,307



18 Contingent liabilities and assets (continued)

Native Title Compensation Liability

The Native Title Act 1993 (Cth) requires "future acts", such as the construction of major and minor Council infrastructure, housing, signage and the granting of leases to proponents such as government and individuals, to be conducted using prescribed processes listing under it. In many cases, in order to be valid, a notice process or a registered Indigenous Land Use Agreement under the Native Title Act 1993 (Cth) is required before conducting a future act. Prior to amalgamation of the Island Councils in 2008, infrastructure and leases were likely to have been progressed without complying with these requirements of the Native Title Act 1993 (Cth). This infrastructure and leases are termed invalid future acts, for which compensation is payable by Council.

It is difficult to estimate the likely compensation payable because jurisprudence in this area has only recently started emerging. A native title compensation case was decided by the High Court of Australia on 13 March 2019 (Northern Territory v Griffiths [2019] HCA 7) that sets out legal principles for determining the quantum of native title compensation payable. That case provides some guidance in relation to a compensation formula. However, the principles in that case cannot be applied to Council's contingent liabilities without making allowances for the differing circumstances in the Torres Strait context. For example, the High Court case involved extinguishment of non-exclusive native title rights, whereas invalid future acts in Torres Strait may not involve extinguishment and are likely to concern exclusive native title rights rather than non-exclusive native title rights. Further, the economic loss component of native title compensation is to be calculated with reference to the freehold value of the land affected, and in Council's local government area there are no land valuations at present.

At this point there are no applications for compensation claims against Council. Numerous compensation claims for alleged invalid future acts are likely to be made in coming years. Council is making deputations to the State of Queensland about the assistance that Council will require in the future to address these claims, should Council's insurance cover be inadequate.

Land Holding Act Leases

Under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land Holding Act 1985 (repealed and replaced with the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land Holding Act 2013), Island Councils across Torres Strait received 354 applications for perpetual leases of land held in trust by those Island Councils. Of the 354 lease applications received by the Island Councils, 116 applications were invalid due to incomplete information or procedural non-compliance. For the remaining 238 applications, the applicant has a legal right to a perpetual lease for the land stated in the application. Due to law reform in 1991, it is no longer possible to apply for a Land Holding Act lease. When the Island Councils amalgamated in 2008, TSIRC assumed trustee legal interests in the land subject to Land Holding Act leases and lease entitlements.

The perpetual leases were not all granted in the 1980s with only 61 being granted by 2013. For the 61 leases originally granted, in some cases only the land was leased while the house on the land remained a Council social housing asset. Council and the State are working together to transfer ownership of remaining 22 social houses to the respective Land Holding Act leaseholders for \$1 each. When the ownership of any of these houses is transferred, the asset will be removed from Council's asset register and social housing register. The fair value as at 30 June 2024 relating to the potential divestment of these 22 social houses currently under 'land only' leases totals \$8,333,511 (2022/23: \$7,736,576). However, at this time, it is uncertain whether all of these 22 houses will be divested because a lease entitlement may be surrendered or partially surrendered with the result that the house remains a Council asset.

Council and the State are working together to grant all remaining valid lease entitlements either to the original applicant or to the applicant's beneficiaries. Where there is a valid lease entitlement, the lease can be granted without the consent of the native title party because the lease entitlement is a legal right that pre-existed the recognition of native title rights in Australia. This was confirmed by the Supreme Court of Queensland in February 2018. Between then and 30 June 2024, 195 LHA leases have been registered in Torres Strait communities and 16 lease entitlements have been surrendered, with 27 valid lease entitlements remaining to be resolved.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

18 Contingent liabilities (continued)

Land Holding Act Leases (continued)

The purpose of the lease under the Land Holding Act was to provide home ownership. If each of the outstanding 27 lease entitlements becomes a registered lease, Council will divest the social housing asset (if applicable) to the perpetual leaseholder for \$1.00. The fair value as at 30 June 2024 for social housing assets relating to the outstanding 27 lease entitlements totals \$9,700,807 (2022/23: \$9,275,291). However, at this time, it is uncertain whether all of the outstanding 27 lease entitlements will be granted and all of the associated social housing assets divested (a lease entitlement may be surrendered or partially surrendered with the result that the house remains a Council asset). On registration of any of the leases, the asset will be removed from Council's asset register and social housing register.

Contingent assets

Fees and charges revenue Dispute

Council initiated legal proceedings against a supplier in a prior period. At 30 June 2024 the matter is ongoing. It is too early to determine if there will be financial outcome from the proceedings.

19 Superannuation

Council contributes to LGIAsuper previously known as the Local Government Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (the Scheme). LGIAsuper is a Multi-employer Plan as defined in Australian Accounting Standard AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*. The Scheme has a number of elements including defined benefit funds and an accumulation benefit fund. Council does not have any employees who are members of the defined benefits funds and so is not exposed to the obligations, assets or costs associated with these funds. Council has employees who are members of the accumulation benefits fund.

Superannuation contributions made to the LGIA Super Accumulation Benefits Fund

Other superannuation contributions for employees

Total superannuation contributions paid by Council for emplo

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
		2,199,655	2,164,508
		451,022	387,097
yees:	6	2,650,677	2,551,605

20 Reconciliation of net result for the year to net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Net result	(46,238,643)	(43,906,720)
Non-cash items:		
Depreciation and amortisation	60,921,003	54,080,113
Asset contributions in capital income	-	(347,824)
(Gain)/Loss on revaluation of finance lease	(487,985)	(1,242,662)
	60,433,018	52,489,626
Investing and development activities:		
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	4,368,329	15,802,894
Capital grants and contributions	(29,215,320)	(27,001,384)
	(24,846,991)	(11,198,490)
Financing activities:		
Interest expense on finance leases	15,535	29,972
	15,535	29,972
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(2,802,954)	2,743,018
(Increase)/decrease in inventory	(3,365)	(88,808)
(Increase)/decrease in contract assets	(1,485,200)	110,751
Increase/(decrease) in payables	3,915,562	286,866
Increase/(decrease) in other provisions	487,282	(560,924)
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities	(3,485,826)	726,222
	(3,374,502)	3,217,125
Net cash inflow from operating activities	(14,011,584)	631,514

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

21 Events after the reporting period

significantly affect, the current or future financial results of the Council.

22 Financial instruments and financial risk management

Financial risk management

Council is responsible for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework, together with developing and monitoring risk management policies. Council's management approves policies for overall risk management, as well as specifically for managing credit, liquidity and market risk.

Council's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced, to set appropriate limits and controls and to monitor these risks and adherence against limits. The Council aims to manage volatility to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

The Council's audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Council's financial risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the framework in relation to the risks faced by the Council. The Council audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

Investments in financial assets are only made where those assets are with a bank or other financial institution in Australia. The Council does not invest in derivatives or other high risk investments.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. These obligations arise principally from the Council's investments and receivables from customers.

Exposure to credit risk is managed through regular analysis of credit counterparty ability to meet payment obligations. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Investments in financial instruments are required to be made with Queensland Treasury Corporation (QTC) or similar financial institutions in Australia, in line with the requirements of the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982.

No collateral is held as security relating to the financial assets held by Torres Strait Island Regional Council.

The carrying amount of financial assets at the end of the reporting period represent the maximum exposure to credit risk.



There has not been any event that occurred after the end of the reporting period that has significantly affected, or may





22 Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk

Exposure to liquidity risk

Council is exposed to liquidity risk through its normal course of business and through its borrowings with QTC and other financial institutions.

The Council manages its exposure to liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash deposits and undrawn facilities, both short and long term, to cater for unexpected volatility in cash flows. These facilities are disclosed in note 9.

The following table sets out the liquidity risk in relation to financial liabilities (excluding lease liabilities) held by the Council. It represents the remaining contractual cashflows (principal and interest) of financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, excluding the impact of netting agreements:

	0 to 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying amount
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2024					
Payables	11,387,962	-	-	11,387,962	11,387,962
	11,387,962	-	-	11,387,962	11,387,962
2023					
Payables	7,767,117	-	-	7,767,117	7,767,117
	7,767,117	-	-	7,767,117	7,767,117

The outflows in the above table are not expected to occur significantly earlier or for significantly different amounts than indicated in the table.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the Council's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

Interest rate risk

Council is exposed to interest rate risk through investments and borrowings with QTC and other financial institutions. Council has access to a mix of variable and fixed rate funding options through QTC so that interest rate risk exposure can be minimised.

Based on the carrying value of Council's financial instruments at balance date, any fluctuation in interest rates would not have a material impact on the financial position or performance of Council.

Fair value

The fair value of trade and other receivables and payables is assumed to approximate the value of the original transaction, less any allowance for impairment.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

23 Transactions with related parties

(a) Transactions with key management personnel (KMP) Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of Council, directly or indirectly.

KMPs include the Mayor, Councillors, Council's Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Management team.

The compensation paid to KMPs comprises:

Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits Termination benefits Long-term employee benefits

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in Council's Annual Report. During the year an Executive Director was engaged through a Queensland government-owned corporation on a one year contract. The total value paid for services (including secondment, travel and accommodation) was \$269,082 (2023/24: \$267,892). During the year an Executive Director was engaged through another external company for a total value of \$198,461. These costs are excluded from the table above.

(b) Transactions with other related parties

Other related parties include the close family members of KMP and any entities controlled or jointly controlled by KMP or their close family members. Close family members include a spouse, parent, child and dependant of a KMP or their spouse. Per Ailan Kastom, an Uncle, Aunty or sibling who represents one of those roles to a KMP has been considered to be a related party.

Details of transactions between Council and other related parties are disclosed below:

Details of transactions

Employee expenses for close family members of KMPs Purchase of materials and services from entities controlled by Grants and donations for entities controlled by KMPs

(i) All close family members of key management personnel were employed through an arm's length process. They are paid in accordance with Council's Certified Agreement for the job they perform. Council employs 356 staff (318 full time equivalent staff) of which 3 (2023/24: 2) are close family members of key management personnel.



2024	2023
\$	\$
2,455,162	2,434,774
114,100	122,479
-	50,000
9,278	13,149
2,578,540	2,620,402

	(i)	177,739	156,323
y KMPs	(ii)	8,100	10,800
	(iii)	17,345	15,000



23 Transactions with related parties (continued)

(b) Transactions with other related parties (continued)

(ii) Council purchased the following materials and services from entities that are controlled by members of key management personnel. All purchases were at arm's length and were in the normal course of Council operations:

Accommodation	8,100	10,800
	8,100	10,800

Included in the above is \$8,100 of accommodation charges relating to the usage of a house on Masig from Councillor Hilda Mosby.

(iii) Grants and donations totalling \$17,345 (2023/24: \$15,000) were made during the reporting period to related parties of KMPs as community members under Council's Grants and Donations Procedure.

(iv) The fees and charges charged to entities controlled by KMPs was nil (2022/23: nil).

(c) Commitments to/from related parties

Council does not have any commitments for the provision of goods and services for related party entities.

(d) Loans and guarantees to/from related parties

Council does not make loans to or receive loans from related parties. No guarantees have been provided.

(e) Outstanding balances

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

Receivables	Current \$	Over 30 Days \$	Over 60 Days \$	Over 90 Days \$	Total \$
2024	Ŧ	•	•	•	•
Rates and charges	1,611	-	-	4,855	6,466
Social housing	1,091	830	590	105,647	108,158
Other fees and charges	1,128	557	-	4,884	6,569
Total	3,829	1,387	590	115,386	121,193
2023					
Rates and charges	4,844	-	-	122,697	127,541
Social housing	(335)	21	1,138	163,597	164,421
Other fees and charges	726	50	50	4,688	5,514
Total	5,235	71	1,188	290,982	297,477

\$58,905 has been recognised in the current year (2022-23: \$221,584) for the allowance for bad or doubtful debts owed by related parties.

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

23 Transactions with related parties (continued)

(e) Outstanding balances (continued)

I he table below details related party outstanding to 90 days:

2024

2022

KMP	Relationship	Related Party
Bob Kaigey Torenzo Elisala Ted Mosby Rocky Stephen Nixon Mye Rocky Stephen Aggie Hankin Dimas Toby Chelsea Aniba Kabay Tamu	Councillor Father Councillor Director Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor	Bob Kaigey Tenny Elisala Ted Mosby Kos & Abob Fisheri Nixon Mye Rocky Stephen Aggie Hankin Dimas Toby Chelsea Aniba Kabay Tamu
Amounts less that	an \$1,000	

2023		
KMP	Relationship	Related Party
Laurie Nona	Manager	Badu Art Centre
Torenzo Elisala	Father	Tenny Elisala
Jimmy Gela	Councillor	Jimmy Gela
Rocky Stephen	Director	Kos & Abob Fishe
Getano Lui (Jnr)	Councillor	Getano Lui (Jnr)
Rocky Stephen	Councillor	Rocky Stephen
Dimas Toby	Spouse	Telita Banu
Dimas Toby	Councillor	Dimas Toby
Lama Trinkoon	Spouse	Ivy Trinkoon
Hilda Mosby	Councillor	Hilda Mosby
Kabay Tamu	Councillor	Kabay Tamu
Amounts less that	n \$1,000	



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The table below details related party outstanding balances at the end of the reporting period which are over

	Nature of transactions	Over 90 Days
		\$
	Social housing	15,343
	Social housing	34,687
	Social Housing	1,218
ries (TSI)	Rates and charges	4,180
	Social Housing	1,396
	Social housing	1,358
	Social housing	39,958
	Social housing	1,063
	Social housing	9,168
	Vehicle Deduction	4,250
		2,765
		115,386

	Nature of transactions	Over 90 Days
		\$
;	Rates and charges	112,244
	Social housing	38,220
	Social housing	19,655
heries (TSI)	Rates and charges	4,180
)	Social housing	73,033
	Social housing	1,358
	Social housing	1,197
	Social housing	1,063
	Social housing	27,879
	Rates and charges	5,943
	Councillor vehicle hire	4,100
		2,111
		290,982





23 Transactions with related parties (continued)

(f) Debt balances written off during the period as statute barred debt

Statute barred debt, is debt older than 6 years of age and pursuant to the Limitation of Actions Act 1974 (Qld) and cannot be legally enforced in a Court of competent jurisdiction. No debts have been written off for the last two financial years.

Council first attempted to write off statute-barred debts in 2015 however a guorum could not be established due to a number of Councillors declaring a material personal interest or conflict of interest and excluding themselves from voting. Following the March 2016 local government election, Council tabled the write off again however was still unable to reach a quorum.

In August 2016, Council presented two separate write off resolutions for Council's consideration, one addressing commercial debts and the other addressing housing debt. Again a quorum could not be established for consideration of either resolution.

On 5 October 2016, Council engaged King & Company Solicitors to address the question of how Council may act to write off statute barred debt while ensuring statutory compliance. King & Company provided several options to Council to address the issue. The option adopted by Council was to delegate the write off power to the CEO. The issue of material personal interest or conflict of interest does not arise in respect of a Council decision to delegate the matter to the CEO for decision, provided Council merely delegates the CEO power to make the decision and does not in any way direct the CEO to make any particular decision about the matter.

The resolution was made at the October 2016 Ordinary Council Meeting adopting the revised Fiscal Governance Policy granting the CEO delegation to write off statute barred debt.

(g) Transactions with related parties that have not been disclosed

Most of the entities and people that are related parties of council live and operate within the Torres Strait Island Region. Therefore, on a regular basis ordinary citizen transactions occur between council and its related parties. Some examples include:

- Residential rental charges
- Utility and other fees and charges
- Sales of gas, fuel and power cards
- Hire of council buildings and equipment
- Accommodation hire

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2024

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared pursuant to sections 176 and 177 of the Local Government Regulation 2012 (the Regulation) and other prescribed requirements.

In accordance with section 212(5) of the Regulation we certify that:

- the establishment and keeping of accounts have been complied with in all material respects; and
- accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, of the Council's transactions for the financial year and financial position at the end of the year.

Mayor Phillemon Mosby

Date: 24/10/2024



(i) the prescribed requirements of the Local Government Act 2009 and Local Government Regulation 2012 for (ii) the general purpose financial statements, as set our on pages 1 to 39 present a true and fair view, in

Chief Executive Officer James William

Date: 24/10/2024







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the councillors of Torres Strait Island Regional Council

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of Torres Strait Island Regional Council.

The financial report comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements including material accounting policy information and the certificate given by the Mayor and Chief Executive Officer.

In my opinion, the financial report:

- a) gives a true and fair view of the council's financial position as at 30 June 2024, and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- b) complies with the Local Government Act 2009, the Local Government Regulation 2012 and Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the Auditor-General Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report section of my report.

I am independent of the council in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code and the Auditor-General Auditing Standards.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The councillors are responsible for the other information.

The other information comprises the information included in the entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

At the date of this auditor's report, the available other information in Torres Strait Island Regional Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024 was the current year financial sustainability statement, current year financial sustainability statement - contextual ratios and unaudited long-term financial sustainability statement.



My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. However, as required by the Local Government Regulation 2012, I have formed a separate opinion on the current year financial sustainability statement.

information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report and my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the councillors for the financial report

The councillors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the Local Government Act 2009, the Local Government Regulation 2012 and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as the councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The councillors are also responsible for assessing the council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it is intended to abolish the council or to otherwise cease operations of the council.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of my auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- a) I received all the information and explanations I required
- of accounts were complied with in all material respects.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other

In accordance with s. 40 of the Auditor-General Act 2009, for the year ended 30 June 2024:

b) I consider that, the prescribed requirements in relation to the establishment and keeping







Prescribed requirements scope

The prescribed requirements for the establishment and keeping of accounts are contained in the Local Government Act 2009, and the Local Government Regulation 2012. The applicable requirements include those for keeping financial records that correctly record and explain the council's transactions and account balances to enable the preparation of a true and fair financial report.

Ulmglon

William Cunningham as delegate of the Auditor-General

28 October 2024

Queensland Audit Office Brisbane

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Current-year Financial Sustainability Statement For the year ended 30 June 2024

Measures of Financial Sustainability

Asset management Asset Consumption Ratio Greater than 60% 47% 51% Council is reliant on grant funding to support renewal of its assets. Asset Consumption Ratio Greater than 60% 47% 51% Asset management plans are under review and an investment plan is currently being drafted which will inform Council's asset funding requirements over the next five years. Debt Servicing Leverage Ratio 0 - 3 times - (0.01)			Asset Sustamability Ratio		0/.07	0/.17	Asset management plans are under leview and an investment plants currently being utated which will inform Council's asset funding requirements over the next five years.
Leverage Ratio 0 - 3 times -	<.	isset management	Asset Consumption Ratio	Greater than 60%	47%	51%	Council is reliant on grant funding to support renewal of its assets. Asset management plans are under review and an investment plan is currently being drafted which will inform Council's asset funding requirements over the next five years.
		Debt Servicing Capacity	Leverage Ratio	0 - 3 times	1	(0.01)	QTC loan fully repaid in 2021/22

; years and this

ional and capital requirer ed in the outcome of this

tely on grant funding to meet both its ope enerate own source revenue. This is refle

Council relies has limited cap

92%

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received in advanc hetric as at 30 June

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council Narrative

5-Year Average

Actual Current Year

arget (Tier 8)

Mea

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rating perf quired to n

working capital support may be projects.

The Financial Assistance Grant wasr has impacted the current year iquidit The Department of Housing, Local Gi Indigenous Council's Funding Progra Inquidity position. Investigating oppo Council s actively investigating oppo including consideration of whether we mismatches for significant capital pro-

Greater than months

Unrestricted Cash Expense Cover Ratic

Liquidity

activ

ears will improve this ratio with Council performance and position.

ce Grant was not received in advance as has occurred in prev an operating cash ratio for 2023/24. from the ICFP over the next two years will improve this ratio w tites to improve its operating cash performance and position.

The Financial Assistance G has impacted the current o The additional funding from investigating opportunities

-6%

-14%

%0

Cash

ð

Operating Performance

funding to sare under n

grant

Council is reliant on

The aurent year financial sustainability statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Regulation 2012 and the Financial Management (Sustain, to calculate the six reported measures are prepared on an accurat basis and are drawn from the Council's audited general purpose financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024.





Torres Strait Island Regional Council Current-year Financial Sustainability Statement For the year ended 30 June 2024

Certificate of Accuracy For the year ended 30 June 2024

This current-year financial sustainability statement has been prepared pursuant to Section 178 of the Local Government Regulation 2012 (the Regulation)

In accordance with Section 212(5) of the Regulation we certify that this current-year financial sustainability statement has been accurately calculated

Date:24/10/2024

Chief Executive Office Date: 24/10/2024



To the Councillors of Torres Strait Island Regional Council

Report on the Current-Year Financial Sustainability Statement Opinion

I have audited the accompanying current year financial sustainability statement of Torres Strait Island Regional Council for the year ended 30 June 2024, comprising the statement, explanatory notes, and the certificate of accuracy given by the Mayor and the Chief Executive Officer.

In accordance with s.212 of the Local Government Regulation 2012, in my opinion, in all material respects, the current year financial sustainability statement of Torres Strait Island Regional Council for the year ended 30 June 2024 has been accurately calculated.

Basis of opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the Auditor-General Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the current year financial sustainability statement section of my report.

I am independent of the council in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the statement in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code and the Auditor-General Auditing Standards.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of matter – basis of accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 which describes the basis of accounting. The current year financial sustainability statement has been prepared in accordance with the Financial Management (Sustainability) Guideline 2024 for the purpose of fulfilling the council's reporting responsibilities under the Local Government Regulation 2012. As a result, the statement may not be suitable for another purpose. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The councillors are responsible for the other information.

The other information comprises the information included in the entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial sustainability statement and our auditor's report thereon.

At the date of this auditor's report, the available other information in Torres Strait Island Regional Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024 was the general-purpose financial statements, current-year financial sustainability statement - contextual ratios, and the unaudited long-term financial sustainability statement.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT





My opinion on the current year financial sustainability statement does not cover the other information and accordingly I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. However, as required by the Local Government Regulation 2012, I have formed a separate opinion on the general-purpose financial report.

In connection with my audit of the financial sustainability statement, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial sustainability statement and my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the councillors for the current year financial sustainability statement

The councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the current year financial sustainability statement in accordance with the Local Government Regulation 2012. The councillors responsibility also includes such internal control as the councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the statement that is accurately calculated and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the current year financial sustainability statement

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the current year financial sustainability statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this statement.

My responsibility does not extend to forming an opinion on the appropriateness or relevance of the reported ratios, nor on the council's future sustainability.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the statement, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher
 than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the council's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of material accounting policy information used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the council.

Queensland Audit Office Better public services

I communicate with the council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Unglan

William Cunningham as delegate of the Auditor-General







28 October 2024 Queensland Audit Office Brisbane

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Current-year Financial Sustainability Statement - Contextual Ratios For the year ended 30 June 2024 Measures of Financial Contextual

res of Fin

Type	Measure	Target (Tier 8)	Target (Tier 8) Actual Current Year 5-Year Average	5-Year Average	Council Narrative
Unaudited Contextual Ratios	Ratios				
Einensial Canacity	Council Controlled Revenue Ratio	N/A	40%	10%	Council relies predominately on grant funding to meet both its operational and capital requirements and has limited capacity to generate own source revenue. This is reflected in the outcome of this ratio.
	Population Growth Ratio	N/A	%0	-1%	Changes in population are not material.

ments of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* and the *Financial Management (Sustainability)* and drawn from the Council's audited general purpose financial statements for the year ended e e Contextual Ratios are prepared in accor two reported measurements are preparr The current year financial sustainability state *Guideline 202*4 The amounts used to calcul 30 June 2024. Torres Strait Island Regional Council Current-year Financial Sustainability Statement - Contextual Ratios For the year ended 30 June 2024

fallow

Mayor Phillemon Mosby Date:24/10/2024

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Certificate of Accuracy For the year ended 30 June 2024

This current-year financial sustainability statement - contextual ratios, has been prepared pursuant to Section 178 of the Local Government Regulation 2012 (the Regulation).

In accordance with Section 212(5) of the Regulation we certify that this current-year financial sustainability statement - contextual ratios, has been accurately calculated.

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Chief Executive Officer James William

Torres Strait Island Regional Council Unaudited Long-Term Financial Sustainability Statement Prepared as at 30 June 2024

Measures of Financial Sustainability

Iype	Measure	I arget (Her 8) Actuals as at 30 June	Actuals as at	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 JUNE	30 June
			30 June 2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
Financial Capacity	Council-Controlled Revenue	N/A	9.96%	9.99%	10.79%	10.79%	10.88%	10.96%	11.05%	11.12%	11.19%	11.26%	11.33%
	Population Growth	N/A	0.00%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%
Operating Performance	Operating Surplus Ratio	N/A	-99.66%	-86.67%	-88.77%	-80.90%	-75.83%	-70.01%	-63.89%	-58.88%	-54.73%	-50.20%	47.97%
	Operating Cash Ratio	Greater than 0%	-13.55%	-5.83%	-5.63%	-5.00%	-5.12%	-5.45%	-5.34%	-5.45%	-5.55%	-5.29%	-5.38%
Liquidity	Unrestricted Cash Expense Cover Ratio	Greater than 4 months				N/A 1	N/A for long-term sustainability statement	n sustainab	ility stateme	ant			
Asset Management	Asset Sustainability Ratio	Greater than 90%	25.86%	9.45%	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	0.00%	%00'0	0.00%
-	Asset Consumption Ratio	Greater than 60%	46.91%	45.87%	43.36%	41.01%	38.79%	36.73%	34.93%	33.20%	31.59%	30.12%	28.73%
Debt Servicing Capacity	Leverage Ratio	0 to 3 times			Not r	equired - C	Not required - Council does not currently have any external debt	not current	ly have any	external de	sbt		

Council's Financial Management Strategy

8 ces. provis needs. ces to ensure the most effective community's current and future llocation of resource g able to meet the c about the efficient al ion whilst also being decis ncial to make ound finar shows Council measures revenue and expenditure trends over time as a guide to future that its financial management strategy is prudent and that its long-term financial f

5 Jas Council's unding. its 8 budget. lated using Council's most recently adopted ally occurring in four to five year intervals. The above ratios have been calcu donor program lifecycles, traditior







Torres Strait Island Regional Council Unaudited Long-Term Financial Sustainability Statement Prepared as at 30 June 2024

Certificate of Accuracy For the long-term financial sustainability statement prepared as at 30 June 2024

This long-term financial sustainability statement has been prepared pursuant to Section 178 of the Local Government Regulation 2012 (the Regulation).

Phille

Date:24/10/2024

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with Section 212(5) of the Regulation we certify that this long-term financial sustainability statement has been accurately calculated.

Att-

Chief Executive Officer James William

Date: 24/10/2024











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